

Fair tonight; Sunday generally fair; slowly rising temperature.

ESTABLISHED 1878

# Russians Resume Offensive

## SEVERAL BILLS FILED OF INTEREST TO LOWELL

Radical Railway Bill Submitted—Auto Registration Plans—Flood of Bills, Freak and Otherwise

Special to The Sun.  
STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 15.—A bill filed at the state house yesterday on a joint petition of Representatives Henry Achin, Jr., and Victor F. Dewey, seeks to straighten out any legal difficulty there may be in the way of securing from the public service commission an order compelling the Bay State Street Railway company to complete the extension of its tracks along Varnum avenue, and to make use of a franchise which it has held for some time.

The bill amends the Washburn act, so-called, under which the public service commission was created, by adding in section twenty-three a provision that the commission shall have power to order and direct the building and operating of and the further extension of lines under existing or future franchises.

The Varnum avenue extension, so-called, has long been a bone of contention. The legal aspect of the matter

Continued to Last Page

## THE MEXICAN SITUATION

Carranza Commanders Trying to Round Up Bandits Who Massacred Americans in Chihuahua

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 15.—The movement of General Trevino and other Carranza military commanders to round up and destroy the bandits who massacred 18 Americans in Chihuahua state last Monday, divided attention on this side of the boundary today with efforts to bring out of the Mexican danger zone, foreigners who failed to board the relief train which brought 52 refugees to this city last night.

A train which was sent from here Thursday night reached the city of Parral last night and is expected to arrive at Juarez tomorrow or Monday under escort.

According to mining officials who came from Chihuahua City last night about 1000 Americans are still in northern Mexico. There are, it is estimated, approximately 150 in the vicinity of Chihuahua City, 350 near Torreon and Parral and 500 in the Mormon colony at Casas Grandes.

Apprehension for the safety of these was lessened somewhat by reports that the Carranza military chiefs are taking measures to protect foreigners in the territory under control of the de facto government.

NO CHANGE IN POLICY

Formal Reply From Carranza Expected at Washington Today—Americans Leaving Mexico

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—General Carranza's formal reply to representations from the United States demanding that he run down and punish the murderers of American citizens at Santa Isabel, Mex., still was awaited today, although indirect assurances

had come from him that this would be done.

Through Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican ambassador designate, Carranza announced that he had sent troops to capture the outlaws and promised "severe punishment on every participant." This was taken by officials to indicate the character of the formal reply which was expected today.

Despite renewed demands in Congress for intervention in Mexico, there were no indications today of a change in the administration's policy to give Carranza and the de facto government of Mexico a free hand in running down the assassins of Americans and in restoring order and protecting foreigners in that republic. President Wilson, with the backing of his cabinet, and democratic leaders in Congress, was represented as determined not to be driven into sending an armed force into Mexico on account of war talk and cries of vengeance.

State department officials continued their efforts today to have Americans in Mexico removed from districts where they might be in danger. At the department's suggestion, Mr. Arredondo has recommended to General Carranza that he afford every means of safety. Advises reaching here said that many were leaving northern Mexico.

### KEEP SENATE INFORMED

Secretary Lansing Agrees to Announce Mexican Developments—Sen. Stone Makes Statement

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—On the request of Senator Stone, chairman of the foreign relations committee, Secretary Lansing agreed today to keep the senate constantly and promptly informed regarding Mexican developments, and also to hasten preparation of information regarding the Carranza government in answer to Senator Fall's resolution.

Senator Stone visited Secretary Lansing and told him that the foreign relations committee particularly was very desirous of keeping in close touch with Mexican developments. He called attention to criticisms lately made in the Senate, intimating that Mexican af-

## DETERMINED ATTACKS ON AUSTRIAN LINES

Vienna Reports Attacks Failed—5000 Russians Captured—Austrians Pressing Campaign Against Montenegro—Germany Adopts Measures of Retaliation Against British—Report Kaiser Appeared in Berlin Streets Yesterday

The eastern field of war again assumes prominence with the resumption of the offensive by the Russians in Bessarabia.

There had been a cessation of activity in that part of the fighting front for several days. Vienna now reports, however, that the Austrian lines have been again subjected to determined attacks but that the Russian attempts to break through were repulsed, although the attacking forces in great numbers advanced five times to the assault, the Austrian artillery proving deadly in stopping the Russian offensive.

5000 Russians Captured

It is claimed by the Austrian war office that since the inauguration of

the winter operations in eastern Galicia and Bessarabia, more than 5000 Russians, including 30 officers, have been taken prisoner. The Russians also have claimed numerous captures and have declared that notable gains of ground have been made in the course of the operations north of Czernowitz, along the rivers Stryi and Styri. The Austrians refuse to concede the Russian claims and declare their lines have held firm at all stages.

Austrians Advancing

The Austrians who at present are the most actively engaged of any of the belligerents, are pressing their campaign against Montenegro and announce further advances into the

interior of the little kingdom in following up their successes on the southwestern frontier, which included the storming of Mount Lovcen and the capture of Cetinje. The Montenegrins are in retreat and are suffering losses in men and guns, according to Vienna.

German Reply to England

Germany in replying to Great Britain in the Baralong case, reiterated the charges made against the British auxiliary cruiser's officers, accused in affidavits of Americans on the steamer Nicolsland of having refused quarters to members of a German submarine's crew.

The German government declares

Continued to page three

## NEWS FROM CITY HALL AND THE DEPARTMENTS

Loan of \$10,000 Needed for Contagious Hospital Sewer—11 Deaths From Pneumonia

Charles J. Morse, commissioner of streets and highways, stated today that it would be necessary to borrow \$10,000 for a contagious hospital sewer, and the sooner the money is borrowed, the sooner he will be able to start work on the sewer. Mr. Morse's own estimate of the cost of the sewer was \$60,000, but the engineers estimated the cost at \$10,000, and Mr. Morse says he

Continued on Page 4

## GIRLS DRIVEN OUT DIED SUDDENLY

Boston Laundry Building Destroyed By Fire—Fireman Injured

Mr. Levesque Passed Away While Apparently in Good Health

Auguste Levesque, secretary of Association Funeraire of this city, was found dead in bed this forenoon at his home, 13 Lilley avenue, death being due to natural causes.

Mr. Levesque went out last evening and when he returned he complained of not feeling well, and it is believed he was suffering from a slight attack of grippe which may have affected his heart. Inasmuch as Mrs. Levesque is confined to her bed with a serious illness, a neighbor called at the home of the couple this forenoon and after inquiring from Mrs. Levesque how she was getting along, the visitor went into Mr. Levesque's room and found him sleeping as she supposed.

At about 10:30 o'clock the woman returned to the man's room and found him precisely in the same position and cold in death. Medical Examiner J. V. Melis viewed the body and attributed death to natural causes. Deceased, who was 44 years of age, is survived by his wife and a son, Rene. He was well known in this city and the news of his sudden demise will be a keen blow to his many friends.

**FIRE ON CHURCH STREET**  
A lighted match or cigarette butt thrown into a wood basket in an attic room at 129 Church street caused a fire which burned briskly for a few minutes shortly before noon today. A resident of the house saw the smoke and telephoned to the fire station. Members of the Protective company and Hose 7 responded to the alarm and had little difficulty in extinguishing the blaze. The fire burned the floor around the wood basket and damaged a couch in the room.

**WAVERLY HOTEL**  
Special Sunday Dinner  
12 M. to 7 P. M.  
**75c**  
SUNDAY, JAN. 16, 1916

Oyster Soup  
Boiled Halibut and Anchovy Sauce  
Dressed Celery  
Roast Vermont Turkey Stuffed,  
Cranberry Sauce  
Boiled Ox Tongue and Spinach  
Peach Fritters, Brandy Sauce  
Boiled Potatoes Mashed Potatoes  
String Beans  
Apple Pie Apricot Pie  
Chocolate Ice Cream, Assorted Cake

**FREE PARKING SPACE FOR AUTOS**

**LADIES!**  
We are still very busy REPAIRING and REMODELING partly worn Furs.  
As we are very centrally located why not step in and talk it over?

**THE FUR STORE**  
64 MERRIMACK ST.  
Third Door from Central  
**J. E. Shanley & Co.**  
Also 557 Elm St., Manchester, N.H.  
Telephone 3968

**GOLD BRACELET** lost Friday morning on Suffolk st. in vicinity of Tremont & Suffolk Mills; monogram B. B. Reward at \$1 Eagle court Blanche Bolster.

## 8 LIVES LOST ON U. S. SUBMARINE

The E-2 Was Blown Up and Sunk in Brooklyn Navy Yard Today—Report 8 Killed and Many Seriously Injured—Cause Not Yet Known

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The United States submarine E-2 was today blown up and partially sunk in the New York navy yard. The body of one man killed in the internal explosion was recovered and a report to the Brooklyn police headquarters said seven others were killed.

The cause of the explosion, which was said to have opened up several plates of the craft, could not be learned at the time the accident occurred. Several rescue parties which undertook to enter the submarine were driven back by heavy gas fumes.

Several officers who were lowered into the shaft were pulled out after becoming unconscious. The one body recovered was found near a hatchway.

Fours had been clothed with secrecy.

"I also urge upon the secretary the importance of the United States having a diplomatic representative attached to the Carranza government in this crisis," said Senator Stone, and assured him that we could do nothing toward confirmation of Henry P. Fletcher, the president's nominee for ambassador to the de facto government until the president replied to Senator Fall's resolution. I asked the secretary to hasten the reply and he assured me that data would be ready early next week. I have called a meeting of the foreign relations com-

mittee for next Wednesday and hope the information will be ready then.

"Republican senators will not consider the Fletcher nomination until the president's answer has been received. One or two senators have indicated that they would not vote to send an ambassador to Carranza at all. Senator Fall says he will never vote to confirm the nomination because he re-

gards Carranza as an unfit man to head the de facto government. Senator Borah has intimated that he will oppose confirmation for the reason that he regards the Carranza government as ephemeral.

"But a majority of the senators,

I think, agree with me that it is of utmost importance for this government to be properly represented by a recognized diplomatic agent and I think Mr. Fletcher can be confirmed after the president explains the recognition of Carranza and describes the de facto government."

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**IDEAL CAMPERS****Annual Concert and  
Dance at Associate  
Hall Last Evening**

The musical overture and dancing party conducted by the Ideal Campers at Associate hall last evening attracted a very large crowd and the affair was adjudged a pronounced success by all who attended. The artistic decorations on the stage were done by the C. F. Young Co. The musical program was exceptionally good and the numbers rendered by the various young soloists were thoroughly appreciated by the audience. Miss Margaret McDonough who sang "Mother," Miss Madeline Boland and George Sullivan made the real hits of the evening. Following the musical treat dancing was enjoyed to music furnished by Miner's orchestra. The program complete was as follows:

Instrumental selection, Miner's orchestra; "Way Down Yonder in the Cornfield"; Ideal quartet, Messrs. McCoy, O'Brien, McInerney, Clohessy; overture, entire company, solo sustained by Miss Katherine McCaffrey; "M-o-t-i-l-i-m"; Miss Rose McDonough; end song, "Floating Down the Old Green River"; Mr. Michael McInerney; "Beautiful Roses"; John Molloy; end song, "Dixie Band"; George H. Tobin; "Take Me to the Valley"; Frank J. Clark; "Ballad of Ernest Robert"; end song; "At That Old Plantation Ball"; Francis O'Brien; "There's a Little Land Without a Turning"; Miss Katherine McCartin; end song; "If You Only Had My Disposition"; Dominae Morrissey; "Dominie"; Dominae Molloy; "I Found You"; "The Old Folks at Home"; Miss Madeline Boland; end song; "Take Me to That Midnight Cake Walk Ball"; Cornelius Clohessy; "Perhaps"; Thomas Tobin; end song; "To Lou"; John Quinn; finale, solo sustained by Miss Madeline Boland, featuring "Our President," Patrick Molloy, "Uncle Sam"; Daniel Brennan.

Interlocutor, Patrick's H. Harrington; director, George R. Tobin; electricians, Messrs. Beaudry and Foley.

General dancing was enjoyed after the entertainment. Miner's orchestra furnishing the music. The officers of the affair were: General manager, Peter J. O'Brien; assistant general manager, James J. Singletary; floor director, Dominae Molloy; assistant floor director, Charles F. Hurley; chelvards, Patrick F. Scully, Frank Jones; aids, George R. Tobin, John Molloy, George Sullivan, Emmet Roberts, Michael McInerney, Roger L. Clark; Patrick Harrington; Frank O'Brien; Cornelius Clohessy, Charles Clancy, Michael Brady, Thomas Tobin; treasurer, John J. Hurley.

**FOUR COASTERS HURT****DOUBLE RUNNER CRASHED INTO CURB AT SPRINGFIELD—ACCIDENT UNAVOIDABLE**

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 15.—Four persons were injured, one of them seriously last night, when a large double runner on which they were coasting down the center street hill ran into a curbing while an attempt was being made to avoid other obstacles.

Homer Seavey of 19 Vine street, the most severely hurt, sustained a broken left leg and internal injuries, and may die. The others injured are Edward Judd, of 42 Bancroft street, left knee dislocated and body bruised; Margaret Hartigan, 10 Massasoit street, lacerations of the face and arms; Mary Harrigan, 10 Massasoit street, bruises about head and body.

All were taken to Mercy hospital.

**BALD HEAD CLUB OBJECTS**

**Recent Ad Barring Doctors With "Polished Domes"—Community Doesn't Even Deserve Veterinarian**

WINSTED, Conn., Jan. 15.—The Bald Head Club of America, of which Congressman P. Davis Oakes of Hartford is president, through its founder, John Rodemeyer of Canaan, presents the following ad appearing in a current Boston publication:

"Wanted for a community of sick people, a doctor. No man over 35 need apply. If bald headed, do not waste stamps. A long and varied and successful experience in medicine of little importance. Must be young. Address C."

"A community of sick people," said Mr. Rodemeyer yesterday, "who prefer to stay sick rather than be cured by a bald headed physician, can hardly be considered worth saving by a bald one. We submit to Dr. Camp and Dr. Adam, who are members of the Bald Head Club of America, that this sickly or sickish 'community' up around Boston does not deserve even the ministrations of a veterinarian. Their mushy disposition to balk is sufficient proof that they haven't even horse sense."

**AMERICAN FORESTRY ASSOCIATION**

Hervay B. Greene, John W. Kernan, Thomas McKay and Clarence M. Wood are the Lowell delegates who will attend the 35th annual meeting of the American Forestry Association at the Copley-Plaza hotel, Boston, next Monday and Tuesday nights. It is anticipated that several hundred delegates, representing New England and the Middle and Atlantic states will be present. The chief topic for discussion will be the effort to secure an extension of the fund for the purchase of federal forest reserves in the New England and the Southern Appalachian states under the provisions of the Weeks law. A hearing on this subject will be given by the agricultural committee of the house of representatives on Jan. 28 and at the meeting here arrangements will be made to have representation from all over the country on hand to present arguments showing the necessity for continuing the purchase of federal reserves.

Gov. McCall, Dr. Charles W. Eliot, Nathaniel Kidder, president of the Massachusetts Forestry Association; Dr. Henry S. Drinker, president of the American Forestry Association; Gordon Lee, member of the National Forest Reservation Commission; Henry S. Graves, chief forester of the United States; Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the fifth conservation congress and other prominent men, will be the speakers at the joint forestry banquet to be given on the evening of Jan. 17, while at the general sessions on the afternoon of Jan. 17, and morning and afternoon on Jan. 18, to which

**UNDIGESTED FOOD****FERMENTS IN STOMACH**

Then the stomach is "sour" and needs sweetening. There is nausea, belching of gas, and in some cases vomiting of acid or bitter matters.

Take Dys-peps-lets. They combine the best digestives, carminatives and correctives and will give you prompt relief. They are pleasant to take and agreeable in action. Made by Hood and therefore good—an elegant product of up-to-date pharmacy.

Get a box at your druggist's today.

the public is invited, will be presented addresses and discussion on private, city, state and national forestry in most of its important phases.

**SUPERIOR COURT SESSION****LOWELL CASES DISPOSED OF AT YESTERDAY'S SESSION AT EAST CAMBRIDGE**

The following criminal cases were disposed of at the superior court session at East Cambridge yesterday before Judge Raymond:

Howard Vlito, charged with the violation of the milk law; case placed on trial.

George Kavouris, charged with assault and battery; probation, providing defendant pays \$10 fine.

Vasilios Mavridis, charged with assault and battery placed on file; a statement with plaintiff having been effected.

Patrick J. McCormick, charged with drunkenness, placed on file in view of the fact that he is serving a sentence meted out on July 23.

All these cases were from Lowell.

Leroy P. Draper of Chelmsford, non-support of a minor child, pleaded guilty and was placed on probation.

**GUESTS OF HOME CLUB****HIGHLAND CLUB MEMBERS WERE ROYALLY ENTERTAINED BY THE HOME CLUB OF LAWRENCE**

The Highland club of this city paid its annual visit to the Home club of Lawrence on Thursday evening and was royally entertained.

A series of games in billiards, cowboy and straight pool was run off, the representatives of the two clubs breaking even. Later a buffet lunch was served and an informal good time was enjoyed. In a 150-point billie blue billiard match, Cochran of Lowell beat M. W. Morris of Lawrence and Earle of the Highland club beat Dr. McArdle of the Lawrence club. In the pool contests the Lawrence men were more fortunate, however, for Robert Priestman beat Norris of Lowell in the cowboy event and Colby beat Potter of Lowell in the straight pool. All of the matches were closely contested and were watched by large galleries. The playing of Cochrane was particularly brilliant.

The buffet lunch, served by Chef Emmett Rudy of the club was made the basis of many lasting friendships as the men gathered together about the long refreshment table. The party then broke up into groups, each of which enjoyed itself as its kindred spirits desired so that when the hour of departure drew near the 60 or more Lowellites were loath to depart. They heartily congratulated Chairman A. W. Schaeke of the house committee who was in charge of the event and were loud in their praise of the hospitality extended them.

**ON TELEPHONE RATES****PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION HEARS ARGUMENTS — COMPANY'S ENGINEER TESTIFIES**

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—The Public Service commission yesterday closed its hearing based on the resolve passed by the legislature of 1915 for an investigation of the rates charged by the New England Telephone company and the necessity for legislation in regard to "extension telephone sets."

E. K. Hall, vice president of the company, conducted its side of the case, and the first witness was George K. Mansen, chief engineer of the company. He submitted in great detail the results of analysis of the work sheets on 600 extensions picked at random during a period of about a year. He was cross-examined by Commissioner Eastman.

The principal witnesses at the afternoon hearing were independent manufacturers of telephone instruments, electrical specialties, telephone engineers and salesmen. They sought to offset figures presented by Chief Engineer Mansen in the morning.

George E. Colby, salesman, conducted the case for the independents and called for his first and principal witness, Charles B. Fitts, who declared that the general public would be greatly benefited if the independents would be allowed to enter the telephone instrument and extension set market. Mr. Fitts then read to the board a long list of comparisons in which he endeavored to show that they can manufacture and install as cheaply and quickly as the Western Electric company.

W. J. Murdock of Everett, manufacturer of electrical specialties and telephone receivers, testified as to the cost of receivers. George E. Colby and George K. Mansen were heard.

Arguments were made by Mr. Colby for the independents and Mr. Hall for the telephone company.

**SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL**

A well attended and enthusiastic meeting of Court General Division, Foresters of America, was held last evening in Grattan hall, with Calef Ranger Murphy presiding. After the regular business had been transacted the following officers were installed: Chief ranger, Francis Murphy; treasurer, Harry O'Donnell; financial secretary, Hector Gill; recording secretary, Stephen Breen; recording secretary, Joseph A. Lorraine; senior warden, Matthew Sheridan; junior warden, Michael Daly; senior beadle, Bernard Burt; junior beadle, Eugene Bolger; lecturer, William Hartley. After the meeting a social hour was enjoyed and refreshments were served.

**Daughters of Veterans**

The installation of the Daughters of Veterans, held last evening in Post 120 hall on Merrimack street, was witnessed by members of Grand Chapter, Sons of Veterans. The following newly elected officers were installed by Mrs. Grace M. F. Brock of Leominster as guide: President, Mrs. Alice Phelps; senior vice president, Miss Nettie Weston; junior vice president, Mrs. Susie Headson; patriotic instructor, Miss Ellen Hodson; color bearers, Miss Marion Simpson, Miss Eliza Hall, Miss Thurston Curtis and Mrs. Ethelinda Curtis. During the evening there were a number of splendid addresses by the newly installed officers and the guests present. Preceding the installation, supper was served in the dining hall.

Wamest Lodge, R. of D.

Reports of officers and committees read at the meetings of Wamest Lodge, 23, R. of D. held last evening, were very encouraging. The financial report was the best on record for the past 15

**A Triumph of Skill**

Our artificial teeth are a real triumph of SKILL. People who are wearing them have no more trouble in eating than with natural teeth.

Why do you continue with imperfect teeth, to the detriment of your pleasure and health, when you might be supplied with a perfect set that would be to you A JOY FOREVER?

**DR. GAGNON**

109 Merrimack St., Next to Five Cent Savings Bank.

466 Merrimack St., Opposite Tilden St.

**MUSKRAT ATTACKS BOY****YOUTH AND RODENT BATTLE FOR TEN MINUTES AT SOUTH THOMAS-ASTON, MAINE**

THOMASTON, Me., Jan. 15.—A 10-minute battle with a muskrat, in which the rodent gave a good account of itself, was the unusual experience of Oliver Handlin, a young Rockland fisherman yesterday.

The boy was sitting on the bridge at Butterfield lane, South Thomaston, dipping for minnows. A muskrat, the largest he ever saw, emerged from beneath the ice, and started apparently for the dipnet. Suddenly, the huge rat charged up the embankment to the bridge and with his teeth wickedly displayed made a dive for the astonished fisherman. The boy dodged, but the muskrat persisted in the attack, at one time bounding over the boy's head. Once the rat's jaws nipped the lad's hand, but a stout glove prevented other injury than a scratch. A well aimed blow finally sent the rat against the bridge and as it lay half stunned, Handlin completed its destruction.

The muskrat was bought by a Rockland fur dealer.

The sick committee made a good report. Brother Driscoll of Criterion Lodge of Brooklyn, N. Y., was present and spoke on the good of the order.

**BAR MILK FOR GERMANY****FRANCE WILL NOT PASS UNITED STATES SHIPMENTS FOR "MILITARY REASONS"**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—France has declined for "military reasons" to permit shipments of condensed milk by charitable organizations in the United States to Germany and Austria-Hungary for use of the babies of those countries. Ambassador Sharp at Paris and Ambassador Page at London were authorized recently by Secretary Lansing to inquire if the governments of France and Great Britain would permit such shipments, after the American Red Cross had agreed to undertake supervision of the distribution of the milk to assure its use for the purpose stated.

The machine tool to bring the highest price was Lot 61, sold to the H. & P. Machine Tool Co. of New York city for \$425; Lot 64 was sold to the United States Worsted Co. for \$290; Lot 96 was sold to Sleeper & Hartley, Inc., of Worcester, for \$190; Lot 50 was sold to Capt. Wm. P. White of the Lowell Paper Tube corporation for \$135. Other purchases were made by Messrs. Alexander & Garsel of Charlotte, North Carolina; Baynton & Plummer, Inc., of Chester, Vermont; Richards & Company, Inc., of Boston; the Vulcan Tool Mfg. Co. of Quincy; the Manchester Nickel Plating works of Manchester, New Hampshire; the Ideal Mfg. Co. of Somerville; the J. W. Dane Machine Co. of Salem, and the Knowles Scale works, the J. S. Turner Mfg. Co., the Sawyer Carriage Co., the Newton Mfg. Co., James J. Norton, manager; J. B. Caddell, Merlinack Utilization company—all of Lowell; also Edward Gregoire of Providence and A. D. Puffer of Concord, and others. The machine tools would not have brought half as much money a year ago and Messes. J. E. Conant & Co. were unusually well pleased with the result of the sale.

**PROPOSES NAVAL RESERVE****Tillman's Bill Would Provide Enrollment of Any Eligible American for Four Years**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Senator Tillman, chairman of the naval affairs committee, yesterday introduced a bill to create a United States naval reserve, officers of which would not be above the grade of Lieutenant commander. Enrollment would be open to any eligible American and for a term of four years, and in time of war officers and men would receive the same pay as the regular navy.

**CHORAL SOCIETY CONCERT**

As the date of the Choral society concert at Keith's theatre draws near, the interest in the event increases. It is safe to say that the audience will be one of the finest and largest ever gathered at a concert here.

Among the soloists engaged for "The Messiah" on Jan. 25 is a newcomer to Lowell, Wilfrid Glenn, although his Victor records are known to many. Mr. Glenn's voice is a basso-cantante of unusually good quality, combining the freshness of youth and being materially aided by fine physique and a keen temperament. He is a soloist at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine in New York and has filled engagements with many prominent musical societies, including the New York Mendelssohn Club and the Providence Ariosa society. Later this season he is to appear with the Handel and Haydn society in Symphony Hall, Boston. He is particularly well equipped for "The Messiah," and it is safe to say that his singing in "The Trumpet Shall Sound" in which he will be accompanied by the first trumpet of the Boston Festival orchestra, will be one of the most stirring numbers of the evening.

The two great moral forces swaying the Anglo-Saxon world, aristocracy and democracy, were fought out on American soil, he said, the battle which was ultimately to lead the world in its thought. And the battle is still being fought, with an ever-increasing tendency toward a wider measure of democracy. The mission of America is to spread throughout the world that spirit which the Pilgrim fathers brought here, which ensured religious and civil liberties, and which was founded on a deep reverence for God and His teachings.

**STATE OFFICERS ARRIVE****FIFTEEN TO HELP DEAL WITH STRIKE SITUATION IN WESTFIELD**

WESTFIELD, Jan. 15.—Fifteen members of the Massachusetts district police force in charge of Capt. William H. Proctor, arrived in Westfield from Boston last night and will be placed under direction of Chief of Police William A. Flouton.

They came by request of the local selectmen and Chief Flouton, and will assist in dealing with the strike situation at the H. B. Smith company plants.

The 120 men employed at the two factories will be paid off today and the selectmen felt that they needed trained men to assist the local police force, which consists of only 14 regulars. Many other specials and deputies have been sworn in, so that there will be about 50 officers on hand while the men are being paid off.

There was no trouble of any kind yesterday.

National Organizer Patrick F. Duffy of the American Federation of Labor is here organizing a federal union among the laborers who are out on strike. Up to yesterday afternoon between 300 and 400 men had signed application cards.

The selectmen have given orders in view of the fact that today is payday, that all the saloons are very careful to whom they serve liquor.

Mr. Duffy and a committee of strikers met with the company officials this afternoon, but without results. A member of the state board of conciliation and arbitration talked with one of the company officials over the telephone yesterday relative to the strike situation, and if the strike continues representatives of that board will be in Westfield early next week.

**Quick and Effective****\$1.50**

And Upwards

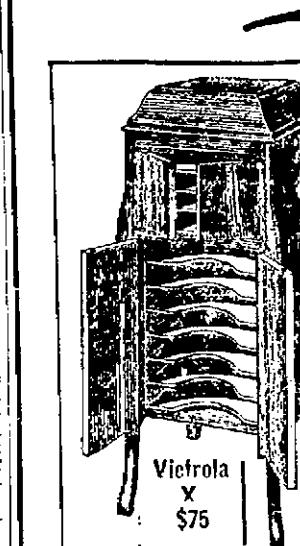
**PLUMBERS' FURNACES SCRAPERS and SOLDER**

A cold wave is coming. Don't let your auto radiator freeze up. You can be safe by using our DENATURED ALCOHOL.

AT YOUR SERVICE

THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO.

Telephones 156-157.

**The Bon Marché**

DRY GOODS CO.

**We Can Deliver at Once Any Style Victor-Victrola from \$15 to \$300**

We will send any Victrola to your home on approval without any obligation to purchase.

Easy terms can be arranged to suit your convenience.

# TARIFF ON DYESTUFFS

## Congress Will Probably Enact a Measure Offering Ample Protection to the New Industry

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—Congressman Roberts of the 9th Mass. district appeared before the ways and means committee yesterday in favor of the Hill bill for a tariff on certain dyestuffs. He submitted many letters from New England manufacturers, including many from Lowell, favoring the proposed tariff; and he also spoke briefly in support of the measure giving his own personal views as to its necessity. It is quite probable that in view of the scarcity of dyestuffs and the necessity of overcoming the dependence of this country upon Germany, congress will either favor this bill or draft another that will offer ample protection to the concerns who have started in this new industry. RICHARDS.

### LATE WAR NEWS

Continued

unacceptable the British offer to submit the Baralong case to a tribunal composed of American naval officers if Germany would submit three specified cases of alleged outrages committed by Germans on the seas to the same court. Germany declaring that in none of the cases mentioned were German officers trying to destroy helpless persons.

In view of the British declination to bring the accused officers of the Baralong to trial, Germany, the official note avouches, will take matters into her own hands and adopt measures of reprisal corresponding with the provocation.

#### Kaiser in Berlin Streets

Secret official despatches from Berlin declared that Emperor William, about whose condition many alarming reports, all lacking confirmation, have been spread recently, made several public appearances in Berlin yesterday, on one occasion driving to the house of the Imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, being cheered by the crowds as he passed through the streets.

#### Blockade of Germany

London advices indicate a belief among American commercial interests there that Great Britain will shortly announce the institution of an actual blockade of Germany superseding the trade restrictions, imposed by the orders in council.

#### Quiet on Western Front

The front in France and Belgium has been the scene of no important fighting recently. Paris mentions the dispersal of a German force in the Champagne by artillery fire and tells of hand grenade fighting in the Argonne. Berlin records the bringing down of a British aeroplane by Lieutenant Boelke, hero of numerous aerial exploits.

#### Allies Blow Up More Bridges

North of Saloniki, where the Anglo-French forces are preparing themselves against an expected attack by the Teutonic allies, there has been further blowing up of railroad bridges as a defensive measure. The allied camp itself has been again the target of bombs dropped by a squadron of German aeroplanes, according to an Athens despatch, but it is declared that the result was negative and that French machines drove off the raiders.

#### Turks Report Success

In addition to yesterday's reports of the presence of Turkish forces in Karsimash, a center of German interests in Persia, where one of the insurgent governments of that country is said to have been set up, advices from Constantinople through Berlin today announce the success of Turkish cavalry operations against Russian cavalry forces that have moved across the Persian frontier.

#### FIVE IMPORTANT RUSSIAN ATTACKS ON BESSARABIAN FRONT REPRESSED

Berlin, Jan. 15, via wireless to Sayville, N. Y.—The Russian offensive has been renewed on the Bessarabian front and five important attacks have been repulsed by the Austro-Hungarian troops, according to the Austrian official report, dated Jan. 14, and received here today.

The Austrian official statement follows:

"On the Bessarabian front the Russians have again attempted to break through near Toporoz and east of Rarinoza. Five great attacks failed. The well directed Austro-Hungarian artillery fire contributed eminently to the repulse of the Russians. Since the beginning of the battle in East Galicia and Bessarabia, the Austro-Hungarian forces of Generals Pfleider, Batten and Bothmer have taken 5100 Russians, including 30 officers. Austro-Hungarian patrols routed Russian field guards near Karlovska.

"On the Italian front several places near Marborgh and Raibl were shelled by Italian artillery. Italian ar-

#### AUSTRIAN PROTEST TO ALLIES AGAINST ARRESTS OF CONSULS AT SALONIKI

BERLIN, Jan. 15, via wireless to Sayville, N. Y.—The Austrian protest to Great Britain and France against the arrest of the Austro-Hungarian consul at Saloniki and his assistants, which was delivered yesterday by Baron von Burian, Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, to the ambassador, Frederic Penfield, says:

"The arrest of consul officers accredited to the Greek government and of persons under their protection, as well as the search of the consular archives, which under the law are inviolable, constitute a flagrant breach of the sovereignty of a neutral state, which is incompatible with the recognized elementary principles of international law. Moreover, it is damaging to the rights and interests of Austria-Hungary. It can only be called an arbitrary act which transgresses the limits of existing law and precedents for diplomatic practice."

"These acts prove that France and Great Britain do not shrink from demands which are the gravest breaches of law, and can be extenuated in no way. The Austro-Hungarian government reserves the right to take action corresponding to the decision which both powers have in regard to these persons who have been deprived of their liberty."

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# NEW ENGLAND STATES LINE UP FOR WEEKS

Prospect That He May Be Taken Up  
as a Harmony Candidate By Pro-  
gressives and Republicans — Inter-  
views By Sun Correspondent

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—Through Senator Gallinger, the voice of New Hampshire has been raised in favor of Senator Weeks, a candidate for president on the republican ticket, although the Granite state delegates are not unanimous by any means, as would appear from an agitation in some quarters in favor of Gov. McCall. Further interviews by The Sun correspondent show that all the New England states are likely to fall in line for Weeks.

In Massachusetts

Representative Joseph Walsh, of

Massachusetts, said today:

"With the rapid approach of the presidential primaries, it is becoming amply evident that the New England states will give their united support to Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts."

Political leaders in all sections of New England, including many of the principal progressives, have already announced themselves in favor of the Massachusetts senator, and many more, I understand, are preparing to do so, in order that other sections of the country which are favorable to Senator Weeks may know that he will go to Chicago with united support at home.

"One of the most notable of the recent declarations in favor of Senator Weeks was the signed statement given out by former United States Senator William E. Chandler, of New Hamp-

shire, a leader in progressive political thought in New England. Senator Chandler declares that Senator Weeks is unmistakably possessed of all the intellectual and moral qualifications indispensable for the performance of the presidential duties, and calls upon all the New England states to give him their hearty support.

"Charles W. Thompson, of Vermont, a member of the national executive committee of the progressive party, is another prominent New Englander who has recently endorsed Senator Weeks.

Mr. Thompson urges the election of Weeks on the ground that the country demands a more adequate and satisfactory handling of our international and domestic problems, and points to Weeks as the man. Other leaders in New England have recently voiced similar sentiments, and it seems clear to me that Senator Weeks will go to Chicago as the 'favorite son' of the six northeastern states."

## A Harmony Candidate

The Washington Star says:

"The evident sweeping move toward republican harmony manifested by the progressive conference at Chicago will renew the discussion of the availability of candidates to fill the harmony bill," said Representative Greene of Massachusetts today.

"It seems to me that the demand of the progressives for a candidate of progressive characteristics and the insistence of the regulars for a man

of business capacity can be met by the selection of Senator Weeks as the republican candidate for president.

"Senator Weeks' record in his own state and in the two branches of congress has shown consistent broad-mindedness and freedom from radicalism.

"In the recent campaign in Massachusetts he was actively engaged in the work which the progressives and the old-line republicans carried on hand-in-hand to success.

"I think he will have the entire New England delegation, will be acceptable to New York and also to Pennsylvania. He has made an excellent impression throughout the west, especially in the progressive states, and possesses the esteem of the progressive leaders in congress from that region.

"It is quite evident that there must be found a man who will be acceptable to both factions of the republican party now drawing together, and I think Senator Weeks will meet that necessity." RICHARDS.

## ESTABROOK FOR MC CALL

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—F. W. Estabrook, republican committeeman from New Hampshire, issued a statement last night in which he says that New England is not taking the candidacy of Senator Weeks for the nomination for the presidency seriously, and that this election should support Governor McCall, who can be nominated and elected.

"It seems to me that the demand of the progressives for a candidate of progressive characteristics and the insistence of the regulars for a man

nounced that its case was finished and Wednesday was agreed upon for the other side's story.

William F. Looby, after pleading guilty to drunkenness, asked the court for a "show." "You had your 'show' in this court last month when you were placed on probation. Yesterday you drove your wife out of the house and had the neighborhood in a tumult," remarked the court. Looby was committed to jail.

Daniel Judge, for drunkenness, was placed on probation.

The case of Joseph C. Regnier, non-support of his wife, was continued one week for sentence.

## STRUCK BY ELECTRIC CAR

JAMES MULDOON KNOCKED DOWN AND TAKEN TO HOSPITAL FOR TREATMENT

While crossing Thorndike street, near the canal bridge, about 8:45 o'clock this forenoon, James Muldoon of 325 Westford street was struck and knocked down by an electric car. He sustained a laceration over one eye which required five stitches at St. John's hospital whither he was taken in the ambulance. After receiving treatment Mr. Muldoon was removed to his home. It is understood that he was crossing the street and was not aware of the approach of the car until too late to get out of the way.

Special Officer Kennedy testified that when he first entered the car in answer to a call from passengers, he was met by Poole, who struck him on the face. He did not know much about the actual trouble.

Conductor Blakley told the court that when the pair got on the car they began to sing a song about a rooster and he asked them to stop. He said Poole stopped but Noel continued the disturbance. Near Parker avenue he stopped and attempted to put the men off the car, but they refused to leave. The motorman was called, he said, but also was abused by the defendants. He said that during the trouble he was struck once by Noel and a second time by some one else who came up behind him.

John Brennan of Collinsville, aged 17 years, said that he was on the car

when he heard the swearing and saw Poole strike the conductor. Officer Cullinan did not see any of the trouble but talked with defendants afterward.

They admitted they had been fighting a little and said they were on their way to a party at a farm near Dracut.

Poole, it seems, got a cut on his nose

during the trouble and the defense attempted to show that it was caused by a blow from one of the special officers.

Patrick Hogan, a special officer, testified that Poole fell while trying to run away and received the cut. After Mr. Hogan testified the government an-

duced the car at Collinsville when ordered off, demanding their money back from Conductor Blakley. They finally got off and ran down the street a short distance, later being arrested.

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when he first entered the car in answer to a call from passengers, he was met by Poole, who struck him on the face. He did not know much about the actual trouble.

**INDICT LAWRENCE MEN**

**TWO ARE CHARGED WITH MURDER—ESSEX CO. GRAND JURY SUBMITS 25 INDICTMENTS**

SALEM, Jan. 15.—In the superior criminal court late yesterday afternoon, Judge Sish presiding, the Essex county grand jury submitted 25 indictments, of which the following were the most important:

Marco Carbo, Lynn, manslaughter.

Constanti Marotti, Lawrence, murder.

Hormidas Saulnier, Lawrence, murder.

Speros Panazopoulos, Peabody, assault with intent to maim.

Charles Johnson, Swampscott, assault with a dangerous weapon.

Robert Miller, Andover, assault and battery.

George W. Heasly, Lynn, unlawful prescribing of drugs.

Giovanni Concerto, Lawrence, statutory offense.

Anthony Kampanares, Michael Conda and Speros Panazopoulos, all of Peabody, assault on an officer.

Ersilia Ruggiero, Lynn, assault with a dangerous weapon.

Abraham T. Lander, Gloucester, uttering forged instrument.

Clarence A. Stetson, Lynn, illegal operation.

Arsento Pieno, Lynn, statutory offense.

Bernardine Natale, Lynn, statutory offense.

John G. Cianci, Lynn, statutory offense.

## THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

## GIVE LOWELL ROOM

Every intelligent citizen of Lowell knows that sometime the city will have to annex new territory or else our population will have to crowd into the surrounding towns. Our area is now more restricted than that of any other large city of Massachusetts, and we have not only built out to the city line but we have gone far beyond the city limits in some directions. Not one who works in Lowell or has a business interest in Lowell but would rather reside in the city than in one of the adjacent towns, but the unvarnished truth is that we have not room in which to house our people properly. Consequently many who should be living within the Lowell limits are branching out towards Billerica, Tewksbury, Dracut and to other neighboring districts.

If this branching out were uniform, the result would not be so bad, but Lowell is not increasing in area wisely. Every year hundreds of our average citizens are erecting homes far from the business center and Lowell is straggling out into the far Highlands, the extreme Oak Hill district, or the distant areas of Pawtucketville. Only in one direction has Lowell refrained from branching out, and that direction would prove a great possibility for desirable development if the city should annex Dracut.

To be sure there are residents of both Lowell and Dracut who either oppose the idea of annexation or are indifferent. This is to be expected for there is an element in the community which opposes every suggestion of change, but the fact remains that sooner or later Lowell will either have to annex new territory or will have to suffer from restriction of space and opportunity. The more the matter is agitated and discussed publicly, the more advantageous will it appear.

That the annexation of Dracut would cost money is undoubtedly, but everything worth while in municipal development must be paid for. We are about to have a hospital for contagious diseases, a new bridge at Pawtucketville, a new high school. All of these things will cost money but we must have them because they are essential. So, too, is annexation essential, but we do not as yet recognize the pressing necessity for it. We are willing to spend the money for the great improvements now under way because we know that the city will eventually get full value for the expenditure; so, too, shall we approve of annexation when we realize that only by annexation may Lowell get back the place it has lost among the cities of Massachusetts, most of which have twice as much territory as our city. If the people were always afraid of improvement that might cost money we would not have a city hall and we would still be a town. Cities must grow in industry and in area or they become hide bound.

The Sun has many times published tables of figures to prove that we are suffering for lack of room to grow. The more we investigate and the wider we make the field of inquiry, the more convinced we become that until Lowell annexes adjoining territory, and more especially Dracut and parts of Chelmsford, the city will not have been given a fair chance to keep its high place among the cities of the commonwealth. Lowell has dropped down from second place to sixth. Shall our citizens stand by while it drops still farther or shall we show intelligence enough to prevent continued lack of growth by giving Lowell enough room to grow and grow right?

## EXIT HUERTA

Even recognizing the fact that Huerta, the Mexican dictator who has just died at El Paso, almost embroiled this nation in war, that he defied our government and refused to give the military salute ordered by President Wilson, that he was the object of the administration's strongest opposition and that he was a constant menace to satisfactory relations with Mexico, the American people feel something like sympathy at his departure. Not because we had learned to love him more but because we had come to realize his difficulties as acting ruler of the land of revolution, and we had also come to realize that he was a strong, courageous man who might have proved a satisfactory ruler under certain conditions.

Victoriano Huerta was essentially a soldier with a soldier's blunt and unpolished personality. Until his accession to the presidential chair after the death of Madero he had been a loyal subject of his government and he had served Mexico well in the lamented days of Diaz. Unversed in diplomacy, his ideal of government was force, and we now see that he understood his country possibly better than President Wilson, who still holds tenaciously to the hope that Mexico will adopt democratic government and by it be blessed with peace. Huerta's idea was that of a strong military government, headed by a ruler who should impose his will on the people according to his lights. Time may show that Huerta had the more correct, albeit the baser ideal.

The American government fought Huerta and drove him out of Mexico eventually because of the suspicion

calendar tells us that the season of snow is over.

## FATAL CLASS FIGHT

In the annual class battle, known as the bowl fight, at the University of Pennsylvania, one student was killed outright and six others were injured more or less seriously. Had the scrimmage happened on the street, somebody would be charged with manslaughter or murder, but while the regrettable occurrence will make a temporary stir in the university it will soon be forgotten. Such incidents are by no means uncommon and we have seen no concerted move by college or university heads to put a stop to them. While it may be well to have spirited physical contests, is it necessary to have such outbreaks of savagery, for such they are, call them what you will? The killing of a youth in a college campus is just as brutal a thing as the killing of a militiaman in a street brawl, and there is far less excuse for the university fratas. Our great schools should not produce mollycoddles, but it should not be necessary to have an occasional murder in order to keep up a tradition of physical prowess for Young America.

## PHILIPPINE INDEPENDENCE

Republican Senator McCumber has again brought the Philippine question to the front in congress by introducing a bill to give the Filipinos independence, and the usual conflict of opinions has been aired. Prominent democrats have spoken in favor of self-government and others have painted the possible embarrassments that would arise if a hostile Oriental power set covetous eyes on the Islands. Those in opposition have advanced the familiar argument that the Philippines are not ready for independence and that since they have prospered under American rule it should be continued.

This war has certainly strengthened the argument that the possession of the Philippines would prove a serious detriment to us in case of war with a foreign power. Colonial expansion is directly at variance with American policy and tradition, and while we have an army and navy for defence, we cannot justify their use for the defence of territorial extension. It may not be possible at present to establish a stable government in the Philippines, but the wise plan would seem to frame all our Filipino policies with the idea of giving the islands full independence as soon as they are able to maintain it against outsiders. The abandonment of the Islands as an American possession may be a very wise part of the now popular policy of preparedness which is on every tongue, although it may be a policy that would throw the Filipinos into a condition somewhat similar to that of Mexico.

## NEGLECT OF VOTING

Mrs. J. J. Storrow of Boston in an address before the Women's City club of that city Thursday evening voiced some ideas that are both timely and sensible. Referring to the recent statement of Henry Ford that he has voted but six times in thirty years she said that it is such men who are responsible for the rotteness of politics and added: "Any man who does not vote has not the right to be called a citizen of this country." She referred to the man who votes but who refuses to exercise the privilege, and she spoke wisely. There are men in this city and in all cities who do not take sufficient interest in their government to go to the polls on election day, and these are usually the most violent critics of popular government. When they are not too indifferent to refer to the matter in any way they generally excuse their neglect of a duty by saying that they have no interest in the candidates and consequently refrain from voting as protest. This is a futile and a foolish protest and keeping away from the polls is about the best possible way to ensure the worst possible government. To have a government that shall be democratic in the fullest sense and fully representative as well, all voters should exercise the first duty of their American citizenship by going to the polls and voting conscientiously.

## NEW ENGLAND WINTER

New England weather is a mixture of everything but we like to think of a New England winter as a time of uniform dry coldness, varied by occasional falls of snow. We have had a taste of it during the last day or two, and it is welcome, albeit a little uncomfortable. This is the weather that keeps the blood in circulation, rouses ambition in the lethargic and banishes the grip. Without doubt the epidemic of colds, grip and influenza that has been sweeping over the country has been induced by the moist warmth that has been so common of late, and there have been misty days that fairly reeked with disease germs. People are healthiest in winter climates that are severe, and the truism has grown in this section that a green Christmas brings green graves. New Englanders are a hardy race and they can bear a winter that is in every sense a contrast to the sweltering summers that are the rule. Let us then welcome the cold spell and make the most of it, hoping for warm days only when

## FOR CHILDREN'S COUGH

You cannot use anything better for your child's cough and cold than Dr. King's New Discovery. It is prepared from Pine Tar mixed with healing and soothing balsams. It does not contain anything harmful and is slightly laxative, just enough to expel the poisons from the system. It is a strong recovery antiseptic, kills the cold germs—raises the phlegm—loosens the cough and soothes the irritation. Don't put off treatment. Coughs and colds often lead to serious lung troubles. It is also good for adults and the aged. Get a bottle today. All Druggists.

**FEEL FINE! TAKE "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS**

Spent 10 Cents! Don't Stay Bitter, Sick, Headachy, Constipated.

Can't Harm You! Best Cathartic for Men, Women and Children.

Enjoy life! Your system is filled with an accumulation of bile and bowel poison which keeps you bitter, headachy, dizzy, tongue coated, breath bad and stomach sour—Why don't you get a 10-cent box of Cascarets at the drug store and feel healthy. Take Cascarets tonight and enjoy the easiest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. You'll wake up with a clear head, clean tongue, fresh, soft, rosy skin and looking and feeling fit. Mothers can give a whole Cascaret to a sick, cross, ill-tempered child any time—they are harmless—never stripe or scold.

**FOR CHILDREN'S COUGH**

You cannot use anything better for your child's cough and cold than Dr. King's New Discovery. It is prepared from Pine Tar mixed with healing and soothing balsams. It does not contain anything harmful and is slightly laxative, just enough to expel the poisons from the system. It is a strong recovery antiseptic, kills the cold germs—raises the phlegm—loosens the cough and soothes the irritation. Don't put off treatment. Coughs and colds often lead to serious lung troubles. It is also good for adults and the aged. Get a bottle today. All Druggists.

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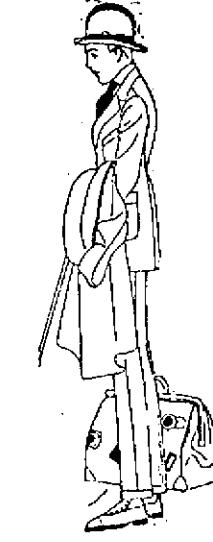
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Everything advertised is from our regular stock—no job lots have been bought in; the mark-down is a real one—and it embraces a lot of high priced clothing—from the best manufacturers in America.



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Suits for men and young men, cheviots, cassimeres and worsteds, selected from lots that sold for \$12.00, \$13.50 and \$15.00. Now ..... \$9.50

## SUITS \$14.50

Suits for men and young men—fine pure worsteds, cassimeres and blue unfinished worsteds—from our highest class manufacturers—selected from lots that sold for \$23.00, \$20.00 and \$18.00. Now ..... \$14.50

## SUITS \$20.00

Suits for men and young men. Rogers-Peet's and "Society Brand," the best that are sold in America—imported Scotch cheviots, homespuns and fine worsteds—selected from lots that sold for \$30.00, \$28.00 and \$25.00. Now ..... \$20.00

## SUITS \$25.00

Made by Rogers-Peet Co., the costliest suits in our stock—imported worsteds and fine fabrics, sold for \$35.00 and \$32.00. Now ..... \$25.00

## OVERCOATS \$10.50

Overcoats for men and young men—very smart cut box coats, in new fancy coatings, sold for \$15.00. Now ..... \$10.50

## OVERCOATS \$14.50

Overcoats for men and young men—loose box coats—with cloth or velvet collars—single or double breasted—in a wide assortment of extremely stylish fabrics, sold for \$23.00, \$20.00 and \$18.00. Now ..... \$14.50

## OVERCOATS \$16.50

Overcoats for men and young men—form fitting in blue and oxford and smart fancy coatings, sold for \$25.00 and \$23.00. Now ..... \$16.50

## OVERCOATS \$25.00

All made by Rogers-Peet Co., and we include every one of their fine Overcoats—conservative and fancy, that sold up to \$35.00. Now ..... \$25.00

## PUTNAM &amp; SON CO., 166 Central St.

own business attracts the most favorable attention.

The Boston health commissioners who have been publishing "Don'ts" for grippe prevention have become victims themselves.

**Arresting Falling Hair**

Somebody has asked how to arrest falling hair and to that somebody we say: Ask a policeman, or other persons accustomed to making arrests. Anyway, why should you arrest your hair for falling? Was it the first offense? It seems rather a brutal thing to do to hair the first time it falls. Help him to stand up and give him another chance. Ten to one it will never fall again. Yours never fell but once, and we never had it arrested. Treat your hair as you would want to be treated under similar circumstances. Maybe someone tripped it.

**Spousing Him**

Recruiting is responsible for a good story from Carmarthenshire. One of the latest and most popular kitcheners is a stalwart man six feet two inches in height, who on joining exulted, "Now for the Germans!"

The following day he received from London a telegram: "Heartfelt congratulations. Kitchener."

This was duly shown round; but next morning his pride was boundless on receiving the royal message: "The Empress is proud of you, George."

It was not until the third day, when he received a wife, "For heaven's sake, keep names," Wilhelm, that he realized a waggon hand had been pulling his leg.

"Shake, brother, so am I."

He was detective of the National Detective Agency—Indianapolis News.

and known in the Pocket city as Secret Service Jimmy Thomas was walking along Main street, Evansville, when he saw a suspicious looking bulge in the hip pocket of a man walking in front of him. He casually brushed against the man and found he had some connection with a gun-man.

"Here, you, hand over that gun and come along with me," he said, tapped the gun-man on the shoulder.

"Who are you?" the man asked, with a trace of irritation, mingled with amusement in his voice.

"There's nothing bad about me," he said, drawing his badge. "The man did the same thing, laughed and said:

"Shake, brother, so am I."

He was detective of the National Detective Agency—Indianapolis News.

I would resolve to be a little kinder. To see more of the good in men than bad.

To petty faults to be a little blinder. To keep my soul in tune with what is glad.

To live my life a little more for others.

And not so much in seeking selfish gain.

To move my share toward cheering up my brothers.

To hear my bit of care and not complain.

I would begin the New Year with a mission:

To scatter smiles and sunshine on the way.

To make a life of service my ambition.

To spend a little time in honest play.

To romp with children and to talk with sages,

To keep my faith in what is best and true;

To fill my head with duds, not words, my daily pages;

To be a man in everything I do.

I would keep hope's bright candle ever burning.

When clouds of disappointment roll across the sky,

And bravely press toward the long road's turning.

Believing in the peace that I shall know.

I would refrain from mocking at my neighbor.

Who strives to reach the rainbow of dreams.

To let my life be one of honest labor.

My joys the fruit of service—not of schemes.

—Edgar A. Guest in the Detroit Free Press)

Denatured alcohol will prevent your radiator from freezing. Thompson Hardware Co. will tell you how.

**HEAVY DAMAGE FROM FLOOD**

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The damage caused by the flood in northern Holland is said by Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent to be greater than was believed at first. The great dikes along the Zuider Zee collapsed at several places. Peasants, with their cattle, fled precipitately before the rising waters.

Near Muiden, the dike broke at several points before the people realized the danger. The waters of the Zuider Zee rushed through the gaps with such force as to wash away large sections of the road which runs along the dike.

From all north Holland came reports of distress caused by the flood. Considerable damage was done at Volendam and Edam. In Texel and Marken Islands, and in the province of Groningen.

**HIGH SCHOOL GIRL MISSING**

LEWISTON, Me., Jan. 15.—Methyl Hanson, 16 years of age, a freshman at Lewiston High School, has mysteriously disappeared.

She has been missing since Thursday, when she asked to be excused from two periods at the school. Her parents can assign no reason for her disappearance. Her class-mates are also puzzled, as she was considered a quiet and industrious girl. The police have issued an alarm.

A man may overlook opportunities but he never overlooks an opportunity to make a stained foot out of himself.

# SUN & REAL ESTATE & BUILDERS' PAGE

## THE BUILDING OUTLOOK

### Permits Taken Out Despite Cold Weather — Activity of Mill Corporations

If the issuance of permits for new buildings and alterations by the inspector of buildings during the past week can be taken as a criterion, the year 1916 will go down in local history as the best ever. During the month of January there is, as a general rule, very few applications made for permits for new structures, owing to weather conditions, but necessity has compelled several local corporations to apply for permits to improve and construct buildings.

The recent fire which gutted the property of the A. L. Brooks company in Dutton street made it necessary to rebuild and improve the building. This property is located in what is called the "danger zone" in circles owing to the number of fires which have occurred and this

material at a low price but the question then comes as to where it shall be stored. Years ago it was impossible to make big purchases unless there was plenty of storage place and many of the mills were handicapped owing to the lack of commodious storehouses. The Massachusetts mills was one of the first to erect a large structure but the erection of the mammoth building in Bridge street solved the problem. Other corporations followed its example and at the present time nearly all of the big concerns have plenty of storage room.

Up to a short time ago the Appleton Co. stored cotton under a great disadvantage, it being necessary to pile it in practically every open place in the confines of the yard, covering the bales with canvas, but the construction of the new storehouse at the corner of Jackson and Revere streets, gives that company ample room for storage.

The Lowell Bleachery Co. is the latest corporation to make arrangements for storage purposes and during the past week the inspector of buildings granted a permit to that company to erect a building of brick and metal frame construction. The proposed building will be located opposite the office of the company, and will be one story high with a basement. It will have a frontage of 80 feet and will extend back 111 feet, seven inches and 130 feet, five inches respectively. The walls will be 18 inches wide at the bottom tapering to 12 inches at the top. The foundation will be of reinforced concrete. Although there will be but one means of egress from the building to the street there will be several exits leading through the fireproof walls into other departments of the plant. The estimated cost of the structure is \$16,000.

Owing to the diversity of business which now occupies buildings in the property of the Middlesex Co. in Warren street what is known as Mill No. 1 is to undergo improvements. The building in question was erected a number of years ago and is of the old style mill construction. The pitch roof is to be replaced by a flat roof. A monitor, 120 by 14 feet, will be installed on the roof in order to give light to the upper story. All the woodwork on the roof is to be enclosed in metal. The cost of the change will be about \$2,000.

Storage room for corporations has resulted in the erection of many buildings during the past few years and it will continue so as long as the purchasing agents of corporations buy raw material at the low market price in anticipation of a rise. The purchasing agents are ever on the lookout for buying cotton and other

The work of laying a new flat roof on part of the postoffice building is now practically completed and the removal of broken and loose slates and replacing them with new ones makes the covering of the building in practically the same condition it was in when new. For several years past many of the states have loosened and become broken and in danger of falling into the street and injuring pedestrians. The roof also leaked in several places and has been patched on many occasions, but its condition became such recently that the master was reported at Washington and the department authorized the postmaster to have a new flat roof laid and other necessary repairs made.

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## URGE DYESTUFFS TARIFF

### NEW ENGLAND MEN ATTEND HEARING ON HILL BILL—ASSERT TEXTILE LIFE IS AT STAKE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—That "a domestic dyestuff industry is essential to our independence and comfort" and "our national policy of industrial independence is at stake," were two assertions contained in a brief from Thomas O. Marvin of Boston, secretary of the Home Market club, presented yesterday to the committee on ways and means in a hearing on Representative Hill's bill to impose a tariff on certain dyes and intermediates.

Also, flat assertion that the dyestuffs industry is a "one-nation business," was made by Dr. Bernhard C. Hesse, chairman of the American Chemical society.

Many New England men were present.

As explained by its advocates the Hill bill schedule rates propose:

"Probably the lowest schedule that will induce the complete self-contained and independent manufacture within the United States."

"It meets and very closely duplicates the tariff conditions existing in 1862, when there was something of an industry of this kind. It meets the requirements set forth in 1903 as necessary to maintain a dye industry in this country, which dye industry then operated with foreign-made intermediates."

"It provides at the same time a suitable protection to the making of intermediates within the United States."

"It puts all dyes of coal-tar origin upon one and the same level for tariff purposes and also puts all such intermediates upon one and the same level for tariff purposes."

"It gives a protection of 53 per

cent on the average value of all intermediates and of 68 per cent on the average value of all finished dyes, such average values being average export values out of Germany for 1913."

In opening his advocacy of the bill Mr. Marvin's brief said the measure was in line with a national policy which dates back to the first tariff law, the act of July 4, 1789, and was "another step toward the diversification of industry and the establishment of industrial independence."

He cited history to show that in 1607 Massachusetts had advised the people to purchase only home-made goods, and in 1785 had passed a revenue act that was "an avowedly protective as well as a revenue law."

Other American colonies and, later, states, had encouraged the purchase of domestic-made goods, said Mr. Marvin.

Then, coming down to the present period, he continued:

"A domestic dyestuffs industry is essential to our independence and our comfort. The welfare of our great textile industries in which \$1,400,000,000 of capital is invested, which employ 515,000 wage earners, and disburse annually \$355,000,000 in wages, is intimately involved in this legislation. Vital questions of national defence are involved, and our national policy of industrial independence is at stake."

"It is broader question than mere political differences or partisan theories. It comes within the confines of national welfare and national security, and I bespeak for this proposed legislation the earnest and patriotic consideration of this committee."

"We have seen, Mr. Chairman, in these recent days, the tremendous importance of industrial preparedness. The industry which this legislation would encourage and foster is absolutely essential to any program of national defense."

"The day may come when every resource of the nation may be needed in a titanic struggle. This is a necessary step in preparation for that day. The country will wait in solemn earnestness for your answer."

"Whether dyes now are being 'hoarded' in this country, for higher prices, Dr. Hesse said he could not say, now, although such was his belief last February.

"I consider the dye industry a one-nation business," said Mr. Hesse in reply to another question.

"Then we have got to wipe out completely the German industry?" asked Representative H. T. Rainey, who did much of the interrogating.

"Well, there are a lot of angles to the situation," was the answer.

The admission of simply the intermediate free of duty, he said, would make America only the assembling place for the dyes and curtailment of the supply of any intermediate would tie the hands of this country.

**NAVAL TRAINING CAMP**

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The naval reserve committee of the Navy League has undertaken an effort to establish on the North Atlantic coast a naval volunteer training camp for the instruction next summer of citizens in naval routine and discipline.

A petition to the navy department drawn up by the promoters of the movement here pledges the petitioners to obtain recruits, yachts and motor boats in accord with any plans devised by the navy department.

It is claimed that African women who wear little or no clothes are more modest than the American and English women who wear many.

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**HOUSEHOLD AXES,**  
Regular sizes and smaller ones  
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## CHANT INDIAN RITUALS

### CHIEF AWHIE, SURVIVOR OF CUSTER FIGHT, BURIED—SNOW WHITE DOVES RELEASED

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Old Indian customs were revived yesterday morning at the burial in Mt. Benedict cemetery, West Roxbury, of Chief Paul Awhie, the last of the two Indian scout survivors of Custer's massacre, who died Tuesday night at the apartment of his grandson, on Bowdoin street, West End, at the age of 101.

Funeral services were held in St. Joseph's church, Chambers street, where high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Fr. P. J. McCormack.

As the coffin, covered with flowers, was laid beside the open grave in the cemetery, Chief Paul's grandson, Charles Awhie, better known as Os-Ke-Mon, placed a long-stemmed pipe across the body, chanting Indian rituals.

He then took from a large box two snow-white doves, placing them beside the pipe. For a moment the doves rested flew to the edge of the coffin and then flew away together over the hillside. Os-Ke-Mon, Joe Littlebear and other descendants of the chief were deeply moved, weeping as they knelt and tossed handfuls of dirt on the lowered coffin. The doves, according to the Indian legend, were to carry the spirit of the chief to the happy hunting ground.

Chief Awhie, who was a member of a theatrical troupe playing at one of the vaudeville theatres in this city, had been the chief of a Sioux tribe in the state of Washington for many years. At the time of the Indian outbreak he was engaged as a scout for the Federal troops.

When Custer's band was ambushed and surrounded, Chief Paul escaped and another scout, Chief Tony, escaped and carried word of the massacre to the nearest fort. Later he took up farming in Washington and continued that occupation for many years.

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# HORN GIVEN \$700 TO BLOW UP CANADIAN R. R. BRIDGE

Papers Seized From Capt. Von Papen Show That He Made Frequent Payments to Persons Charged With Plot to Blow Up Munitions Works and Bridges in the United States

LONDON, Jan. 14, 5:22 p. m.—Copies of correspondence seized from Capt. Franz von Papen, recalled German military attache at Washington when he reached Falmouth on his way to Germany, have been turned over to the American embassy for transmission to the state department. They show that Capt. von Papen made frequent payments to persons charged

with the responsibility for blowing up munitions works and bridges in the United States.

One entry shows that Capt. von Papen gave \$700 to Werner Horn, who was convicted of blowing up a Canadian Pacific bridge at St. Croix, Me.

The day before this check was issued the German embassy paid \$2000 into Capt. von Papen's account.

Among the letters taken from Capt. von Papen there is little of interest

accompany them ashore.

Clark subsequently said that he was taken to what is known as the lower concentration camp, on the outskirts of Jamaica, and there was closely questioned by the commanding officer. While Clark was ashore a number of American passengers on the Santa Marta had a meeting at which it was decided to appeal to the American consul at Jamaica. Before this could be done Clark returned to the ship.

Clark said today that he would make a full report of the incident to the war department at Washington.

Clark, who had served 19 months in the canal zone, was proceeding to Washington under orders to report to the adjutant-general and was in full uniform when he was temporarily removed from the Santa Marta, which flies the American flag.

This is said to be the first time that a United States soldier has been removed under similar conditions from an American vessel since the war of 1812.

When the Santa Marta stopped at Jamaica en route from Colon to New York, British neutrality officer boarded the vessel and, as usual, closely questioned all passengers as to their nationality. Clark told the officer that he had been born near Vienna but had taken out his first American citizenship papers some time ago.

The neutrality officer left the ship without comment on Clark's case, but shortly afterward, passengers said, three negro soldiers in uniform, board the Santa Marta, and told Clark to

POSTMASTER OF PAWTUCKET, R. I.

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## U. S. SOLDIER DETAINED

### REMOVED FROM STEAMSHIP AT JAMAICA BY BRITISH OFFICER

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Albert Clark, a private in the Fifth United States Infantry, was removed from the steamship Santa Marta at Jamaica by a British neutrality officer according to passengers who arrived here on the Santa Marta today. After being detained ashore for several hours Clark was allowed to return to the ship and proceed here.

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## BETTER WAY THAN WAR

### PRES. FAUNCE OF BROWN UNIVERSITY AGAINST PREPAREDNESS AND PACIFIST THEORY

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 11.—President W. H. P. Faunce of Brown university, speaking to the students at chapel exercises today rejected the popular idea of preparedness and the pacifist theory and declared that a better way than war must be found to win internationalism. "No college man," he said, "should accept the law of the jungle as the law of life." He said that the best idea yet advanced is that of the League to Enforce Peace, one of whose purposes is the formulation of international law.

This action followed District Attorney Anderson's quashing of an indictment against the men, which was the basis of a trial in which they had been found guilty in September, 1912. Each was fined \$1000 at that time but an appeal resulted in an order for a retrial of the case. District Attorney Anderson

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The trouousseau of the new Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is said to be one of the most magnificent and costliest ever owned by a mistress of the White House.

Both measures were referred to a committee.

## EXPORT OF MUNITIONS

### REP. CASEY INTRODUCES RESOLUTION CALLING FOR EMBARGO ON SHIPMENTS TO BELLIGERENTS

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—Representative Daniel W. Casey in a resolution filed with the legislature today, asked that body to memorialize congress to prohibit the exportation of war munitions to the belligerent nations. Another measure filed by Casey requested the legislature to call upon congress to proceed with the building and equipping of plants for the manufacture of munitions, and for the construction of battleships. No contracts should be granted hereafter to any private interests for such work, the resolution stated.

Both measures were referred to a committee.

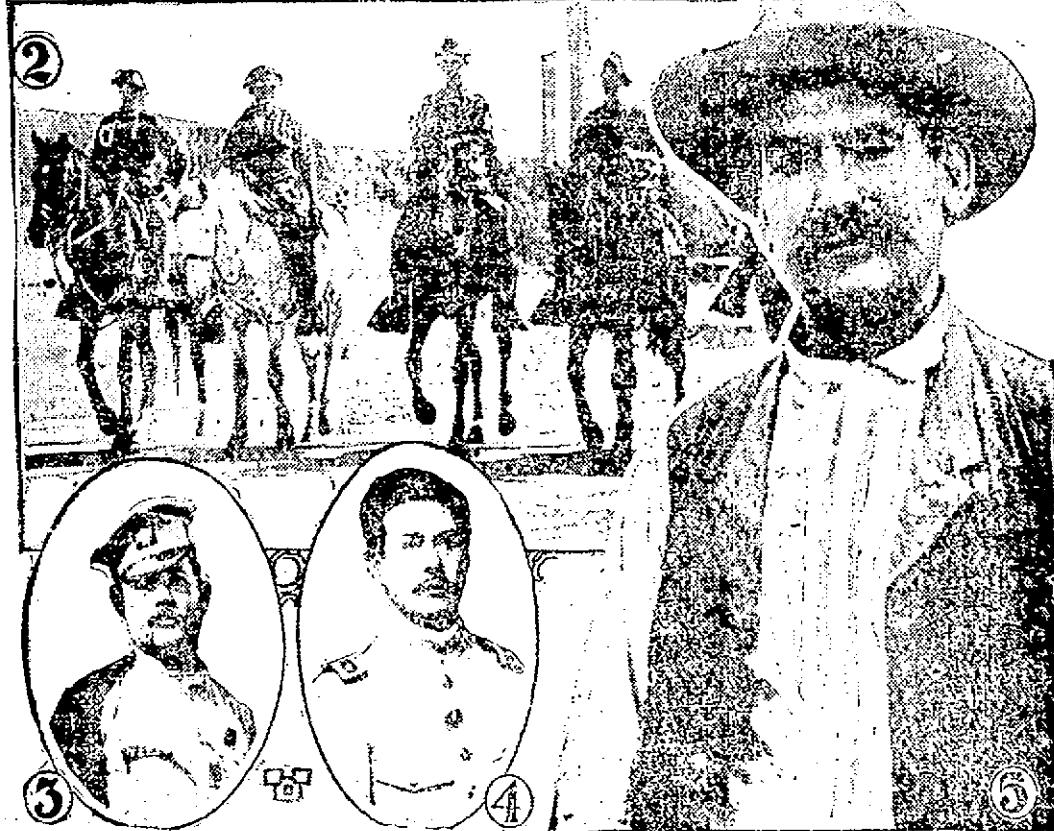
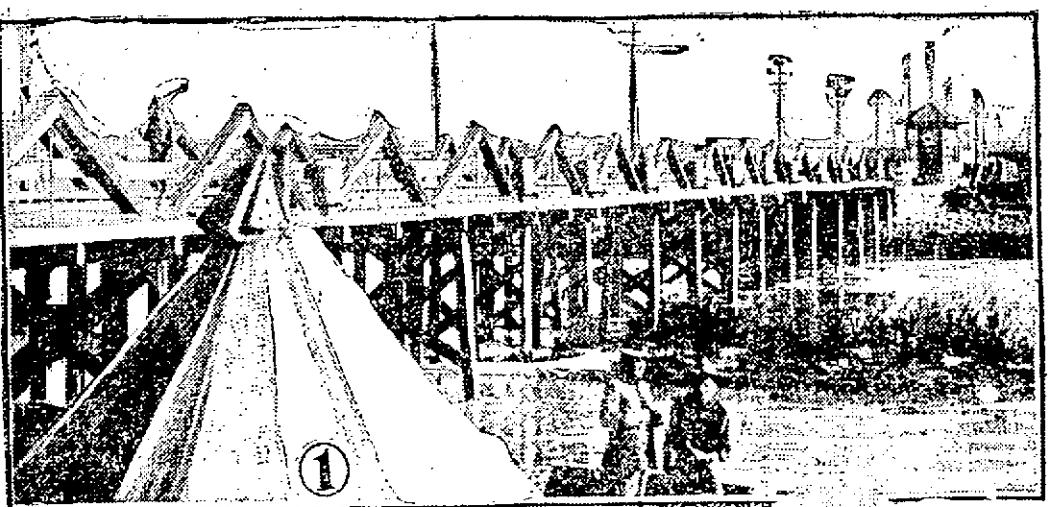
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## KILLING AMERICANS BLAMED ON LOPEZ; OBREGON AND TREVINO LEAD CARRANZISTAS



Excitement ran high in Washington over the assassination of Americans in Mexico, and the opinion was expressed freely that this time American troops would be sent over the border. Pablo Lopez, Yaqui chief, known as "Red" Lopez, and General Reyna, two Villa generals, led the men who assassinated nineteen Americans near Santa Ysabel, Mexico, and the massacre was committed in the wake of a Carranza troop train, according to information gathered at El Paso, Tex. Statements made by J. Guadalupe Gardena, conductor of a train bearing the United States citizens was deliberate. In the pictures No. 1 shows the international bridge at El Paso, over which troops may pass; No. 2, a few of the 5000 American soldiers now in Texas; No. 3, General Obregon, Carranza's commander in chief at Chihuahua, now with Carranza at Queretaro; No. 4, General Trevino, in command of the Carranza soldiers to punish the murderers; No. 5, "Red" Lopez.



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### From Yesterday's Late Edition

## BACK FROM CANADA

### T. L. BLANCHETTE HONORED IN MONTREAL BY THE ARTISANS SOCIETY

Tancrode L. Blanchette, secretary-treasurer of Branch St. Andre, A.C.F. and residing in Decatur street, has returned from a very pleasant trip to Canada where he was the guest of relatives and friends in Montreal and Quebec and other places.

During his sojourn in Montreal Mr. Blanchette was presented a handsome gold watch by the secretary-general of the Artisans society as a token of appreciation for services rendered the society. During the recruiting contest which was brought to a close a short time ago Mr. Blanchette was responsible for the initiation of 15 new members and he established a record in the society in Lowell and thus the presentation of the gold watch.

Mr. Blanchette while in Montreal was the guest of Rev. Bro. Chrysceull, who opened the Marist brothers' school in this city and was its first master, and he was informed that the brother, who is favorably known in this city, will finish his term at the Montreal college this year and he expects to return to the States. The reverend brother will celebrate his golden jubilee as a member of the Marist brothers next year and the event will be a notable one in the history of the order.

### ESKIMO DOG RUN OVER

A handsome little Eskimo dog was run over by a milk wagon in Varnum avenue this afternoon and received a fracture of one of the hind legs. The little animal ran around on three legs, snapping at children with the result that Assistant Agent Gilmore of the Humane society, was notified and inasmuch as he could not find the owner of the dog, he took the latter to the gas box at the police station.

son announced that the government would not proceed further in view of this ruling.

Myrtle and Cunningham were alleged to have falsified statements of the subscriber's lists in order to obtain improved mailing privileges.

### NOT GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY

JOPLIN, Mo., Jan. 14.—A verdict of not guilty was returned today by the jury in the case of the Menace Publishing Co. of Aurora, Mo., and four of its alleged officials, who were charged in the federal court here with misuse of the mails.

The death rate in the United States among babies of mothers who work outside their homes far exceeds that where the mother is not so employed.

The trouousseau of the new Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is said to be one of the most magnificent and costliest ever owned by a mistress of the White House.

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The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

# THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY JANUARY 15 1916

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT

## MEASURES OF REPRISAL

### Germany to Retaliate for Killing of Submarine Crew By British Patrol Boat Baralong

BERLIN, Jan. 15.—(Via wireless to Sayville)—In its reply to the British government in the Baralong case, the text of which was made public here today, Germany takes the ground that Great Britain no longer desires to observe the requirements of international law, in regard to German submarines and breaks off negotiations on this subject. In addition to announcing its decision to take measures of reprisal, as made known yesterday the German government rejects Great Britain's proposal for examination by a neutral board of the Baralong incident and also of three cases in which it is charged, Germany violated international law in submarine operations. The note was delivered to Great Britain through the American embassy.

The German government has made the following reply in the Baralong case:

"The British government answered the German memorandum in the Baralong case by expressing doubts, on the one hand, of the correctness of the facts communicated by the German government, and by making an accusation, on the other hand, against German military and naval forces of having deliberately committed countless crimes against international law and humanity which had been unpunished, and compared with which the alleged offense of the captain and crew of the Baralong paled into insignificance. The British government has contented itself with mentioning, without any evidence, three incidents in connection with naval warfare in which German officers are alleged to have committed atrocities in violation of international law."

The British government proposes an investigation of these cases by a court composed of American naval officers, and under this condition is ready to submit the Baralong case to the same court." The German government protests most sharply against the unprecedented and unprovoked accusations of the British government in regard to the German army and navy, and the implication that the German authorities have not dealt with any such crimes as have come to their attention. The German army and navy in this war observe the principles of international law and humanity and the higher authorities insist that in the event of offenses are committed they shall be investigated most closely and punished sternly.

The three cases mentioned by the British government were investigated thoroughly at the time by competent German authorities.

"First in the case of the sinking of the Arabic by a German submarine, the investigation showed that the submarine commander was forced by circumstances to draw the conclusion that the steamer was attempting to ram his craft. He therefore believed himself to be acting in justifiable self-defense when he attacked the ship."

"The second case mentioned the attack of a German destroyer upon a British submarine—occurred in this manner: A fight developed in those waters between two warships, in which the submarine defended itself by gunfire. The British government can have little ground for advancing the charge that Danish neutrality was violated by the German attack, in view of the fact that British naval forces in a series of cases attacked German ships in neutral waters."

"Finally, in the case of the destruction of the British steamer Ruel, the German submarine merely applied measures of reprisal announced by Germany in February, 1915. These measures are in harmony with international law, because England is endeavoring by illegal means to tie up the legitimate maritime commerce between Germany and neutral countries, to cut off Germany from all imports and thereby starve the German people. Appropriate reprisals are permissible against the measures in violation of international law."

"In all three cases the German naval forces intended only to destroy hostile ships, and in no way to slay helpless persons who were attempting to save their lives. The assertions to the contrary of the British government must be repudiated with all decisiveness as untrue."

The German government is of the opinion that it must reject as unacceptable the British proposal to submit these three cases, together with the Baralong case, to investigation by a court of American naval officers. It takes the standpoint that charges against members of the German forces must be investigated by its own competent authorities and that the persons accused be given every security of an unprejudiced verdict, with just punishment where necessary. In the Baralong case, it has advanced to the British government no request other than this, not doubting for a moment that a court martial composed of British naval officers would inflict suitable punishment for the cowardly and perfidious murder. This request was the more justifiable because of the fact that the guilt of the commander and crew of the Baralong was established practically beyond doubt by affidavits made by Americans who are neutral witnesses and submitted to the British government.

The manner in which the government has answered the German memorandum does not correspond in form

### TWO KISSES COME HIGH

#### JURY AWARDS WOMAN \$2500 DAMAGES AGAINST GEORGE K. KAUFFMAN, MINING ENGINEER

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—For a short and a lingering kiss which were given to her against her will and to pay for the distress of two nights in Harlan prison, Miss Lillian Condin, a governess, was yesterday awarded \$2500 damages by a jury in supreme court, where she brought suit against George K. Kauffman, a wealthy mining engineer associated with the Guggenheims, for \$50,000 damages.

Kauffman, who formerly lived at No. 440 Riverside drive, where the girl declared he forced the kisses upon her, will receive the news of the verdict on a sick bed in Oakland, Cal., where he is said to be dangerously ill.

Describing her first meeting with Kauffman, the girl said: "He called me dearie and it dazed me. I had never been talked to like that. He sat me on his lap and called me dearie and said a pretty girl should not be looking for housework. He said I could have anything I was so pretty—and money and automobiles would be at my disposal.

"He gave me one short kiss and then a lingering kiss," she explained. "It was the first time I had ever been kissed by a man."

### \$152 TO GET OUT OF JAIL

#### MAN CLAIMS HE PAID ANOTHER'S BILL TO GET HIS RELEASE—NOW SUES FOR \$5000

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 15.—That he was a victim of mistaken identity is the claim made in a suit filed in the superior court yesterday by William W. Leonard.

He charges that he paid a bill of \$152 which he did not owe in order to get out of Kingston jail. The man who really owed the bill, he says, was Wilbur W. Leonard, who died Jan. 16, 1915.

He sues John M. Barber of Hopkinton for \$5000 damages alleging malicious prosecution. Leonard states that when action in the 3rd district court was begun against him by Barber he could not furnish bail and was consequently incarcerated in the jail for 11 days, at the end of which time he paid the \$152 in settlement of the claim and was released. He seeks \$5000 compensation for injury to his health, reputation and business.

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### DROP IN IMMIGRATION

#### REPORTS SHOW DECREASE OF 519,407 AT NEW YORK PORT—ONLY 216,274 PERSONS ARRIVED

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The number of passengers arriving at New York on ships from foreign ports during the year 1915 shows a decrease of 519,407 from the previous year, according to figures made public yesterday by the Ellis Island immigration authorities. The decrease is attributed solely to the war.

From all ports and by all steamship lines there was brought here during the year a total of 2,18,275 persons, as against 2,35,741 during 1914 and 1,658,216 during 1913. The year closing Dec. 31, 1915, compared with the year previous, shows the following decreases as to classes: First cabin \$6,823, second cabin 108,752 and steerage 251,562.

The report also shows that during 1915 the largest number of arrivals was from Mediterranean ports, the total for the year being 63,442, of whom 54,618 were immigrants. The next largest number was from the United Kingdom, being 50,198, of whom 23,817 were on ships flying the American flag.

The same authority also states for the appointment of a commissioner of vehicles, to take over all the powers and duties of the highway commission with respect to the regulation and operation of automobiles and their owners.

W. H. Perry, superintendent of schools in Leominster, asks for the passage of a law which will permit the employment during the summer months of minors between the ages of 14 and 16 years who cannot pass the fourth grade. At present such minors may not legally be employed, because they are unable to procure an employment certificate.

Adjutant General Cole filed a petition, which also is signed by six members of the legislature, for legislation

and contents with the gravity of the situation and makes it impossible for the German government to negotiate further with the British government in regard to this matter. The German government, therefore, takes the ground that Great Britain no longer desires to observe the requirements of international law, in regard to German submarines and breaks off negotiations on this subject. In addition to announcing its decision to take measures of reprisal, as made known yesterday the German government rejects Great Britain's proposal for examination by a neutral board of the Baralong incident and also of three cases in which it is charged, Germany violated international law in submarine operations. The note was delivered to Great Britain through the American embassy.

The German government has made the following reply in the Baralong case:

"The British government answered the German memorandum in the Baralong case by expressing doubts, on the one hand, of the correctness of the facts communicated by the German government, and by making an accusation, on the other hand, against German military and naval forces of having deliberately committed countless crimes against international law and humanity which had been unpunished, and compared with which the alleged offense of the captain and crew of the Baralong paled into insignificance. The British government has contented itself with mentioning, without any evidence, three incidents in connection with naval warfare in which German officers are alleged to have committed atrocities in violation of international law."

The British government proposes an investigation of these cases by a court composed of American naval officers, and under this condition is ready to submit the Baralong case to the same court."

"The German government protests most sharply against the unprecedented and unprovoked accusations of the British government in regard to the German army and navy, and the implication that the German authorities have not dealt with any such crimes as have come to their attention. The German army and navy in this war observe the principles of international law and humanity and the higher authorities insist that in the event of offenses are committed they shall be investigated most closely and punished sternly.

The three cases mentioned by the British government were investigated thoroughly at the time by competent German authorities.

"First in the case of the sinking of the Arabic by a German submarine, the investigation showed that the submarine commander was forced by circumstances to draw the conclusion that the steamer was attempting to ram his craft. He therefore believed himself to be acting in justifiable self-defense when he attacked the ship."

"The second case mentioned the attack of a German destroyer upon a British submarine—occurred in this manner: A fight developed in those waters between two warships, in which the submarine defended itself by gunfire. The British government can have little ground for advancing the charge that Danish neutrality was violated by the German attack, in view of the fact that British naval forces in a series of cases attacked German ships in neutral waters."

"Finally, in the case of the destruction of the British steamer Ruel, the German submarine merely applied measures of reprisal announced by Germany in February, 1915. These measures are in harmony with international law, because England is endeavoring by illegal means to tie up the legitimate maritime commerce between Germany and neutral countries, to cut off Germany from all imports and thereby starve the German people. Appropriate reprisals are permissible against the measures in violation of international law."

"In all three cases the German naval forces intended only to destroy hostile ships, and in no way to slay helpless persons who were attempting to save their lives. The assertions to the contrary of the British government must be repudiated with all decisiveness as untrue."

The German government is of the opinion that it must reject as unacceptable the British proposal to submit these three cases, together with the Baralong case, to investigation by a court of American naval officers. It takes the standpoint that charges against members of the German forces must be investigated by its own competent authorities and that the persons accused be given every security of an unprejudiced verdict, with just punishment where necessary. In the Baralong case, it has advanced to the British government no request other than this, not doubting for a moment that a court martial composed of British naval officers would inflict suitable punishment for the cowardly and perfidious murder. This request was the more justifiable because of the fact that the guilt of the commander and crew of the Baralong was established practically beyond doubt by affidavits made by Americans who are neutral witnesses and submitted to the British government.

The manner in which the government has answered the German memo-

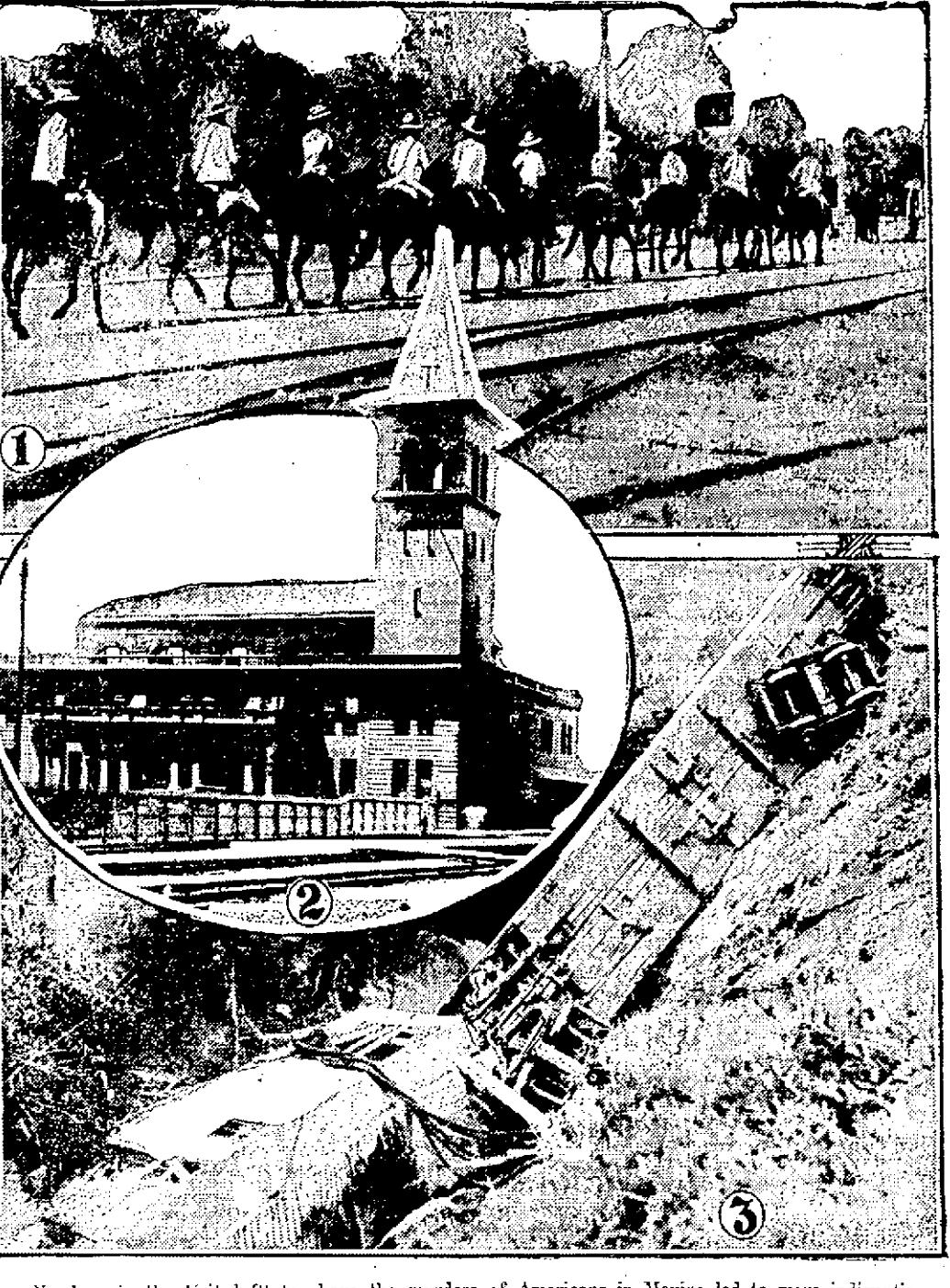
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### Special Dinner Every Sunday

#### MUSIC

### CHIN LEE CO., 65 Merrimack St.

## MURDER OF AMERICANS MAKES EL PASO CENTER OF AGITATION AGAINST MEXICO



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Fair tonight; Sunday generally fair; slowly rising temperature.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY JANUARY 15 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

# U.S. SUBMARINE BLOWN UP

## SEVERAL BILLS FILED OF INTEREST TO LOWELL

**Radical Railway Bill Submitted—  
Auto Registration Plans—Flood of Bills, Freak and Otherwise**

Special to The Sun.  
STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 15.—A bill filed at the state house yesterday, on a joint petition of Representatives Henry Achin, Jr., and Victor F. Jewett, seeks to straighten out any legal difficulty there may be in the way of securing from the public service commission an order compelling the Bay State Street Railway company to complete the extension of its tracks along Varnum avenue, and to make use of a franchise which it has held for some time.

The bill amends the Washburn act, so-called, under which the public service commission was created by adding in section twenty-three a provision that the commission shall have power to order and direct the building and operating of and the further extension of lines under existing or future franchises.

The Varnum avenue extension, so-called, has long been a bone of contention. The legal aspect of the mat-

*Continued to Last Page*

**NO POLITICS IN U. S. NAVY**  
CAN BE NONE SAYS SECRETARY DANIELS IN ADDRESS ON NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—"There is and can be no politics in the navy," said Secretary Daniels, speaking before the National Democratic club here today, on the subject of national preparedness. The secretary of the navy, he said, had no patronage at his disposal and the chiefs of bureaus were selected from the trained men of the navy for their efficiency and their integrity.

"I do not know," he said, "the policies of the capable men who have been named as heads of bureaus or in command of fleets. It is well understood that there can be no democratic navy and no republican navy; but that while every naval officer owes his appointment to a congressman, every naval officer puts making the navy a strong fighting force above any and every other consideration."

The same thing had been true in nearly all cases, Mr. Daniels said, of the secretaries of the navy, who had been "actuated by the spirit of America rather than by the spirit of party."

He paid tribute to many former secretaries, including Messrs. Chandler, Whitney, Tracy and Herber, two of whom were republicans and two democrats saying they had learned and practised in office "the principle that only big men can appreciate, that he who served his country best serves his party best."

Mr. Daniels dwelt on the need of an American merchant marine. "To give American commerce and American diplomacy the power that can come only under present conditions from sea power."

**NEW ASSOCIATE JUSTICE**  
AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 15.—The nomination by Governor Curtis of John B. Madigan of Houlton to be associate justice of the supreme court was formally announced today. He will succeed Associate Justice Albert M. Spear of Gardiner, whose term expires on March 1. Mr. Madigan is a member of the international commission on the St. John river controversy.

**PUBLIC FORUM**  
Grace Universalist Church  
Tomorrow, at 7 P.M.  
"AN INSIDE VIEW OF MEXICO"  
ANDRE TRIDON, A Talented Frenchman.

**HALIFOUX'S**  
ON THE SQUARE  
"EXQUISITE"

Exquisite is the word you will hear repeated over and over again as our dainty and chic undermuslins are passed in review by the critically inclined women who came simply to look—and bought!

**Middlesex Trust Co.**  
Merrimack and Palmer Sts.  
Savings Deposits go on interest Monthly.

Present Rate 4%

**FARRELL & CONATON**  
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND  
WATER FITTERS  
243 Dutton Street Tel. 1513

## 3 KILLED AND 20 INJURED BY EXPLOSION ON E-2

**Accident at the Brooklyn Navy Yard While New Batteries Invented by Edison Were Being Re-charged—Some Reports Had It That Nine Men Were Instantly Killed**

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—An explosion aboard the submarine E-2, in drydock at the New York navy yard, caused the death today of at least three members of the crew and injured a number of others variously reported as from six to 20.

One was killed outright and two died later at the naval hospital in the yard. Six seriously injured were taken to the hospital shortly after the explosion occurred at about 1:45 o'clock. At 3 p.m. others rescued from the interior of the submarine were being brought in.

The explosion was said to be due to hydrogen gas ignited while a new batteries invented by Thomas A. Edison, were being re-charged.

*Continued on page 11*

Newspapermen were barred from the yard and authentic details could not be obtained during the first two hours following the explosion. Some reports had it that 10 men were in the submarine at the time and that eight or nine were instantly killed. The deck of the submarine was entirely blown out, it was reported outside of the yard.

Several officers who attempted to enter the submarine at the head of a rescue party, were driven back by the fumes and it was reported at 3 p.m. that a number of bodies were still in the interior.

*Continued on page 11*

The submarine E-2 displaced 430 tons. She was capable of traveling 14 knots on the surface and 11 knots when submerged.

The E-2, in September, 1914, had a narrow escape from an accident similar to that which befell the F-4 outside Honolulu harbor. While the submarine was engaged in maneuvers of Brenton Reef lightship Ensign Gillian detected gas when the vessel was submerged fifty feet.

He ran to the surface, the conning tower was quickly opened to give the crew fresh air.

Everyone of the nineteen members of the crew, it is said, were more or less affected by the gas, some bleeding from the nose and mouth.

As a result of the accident, Ensign Gillian was under medical treatment at the naval hospital in Las Animas, Col. for several months.

The E-2 was the only vessel in the

world equipped with the Edison nickel batteries and she made her first trip successfully with them on Dec. 7 last. With Lieutenant Charles M. Cook, Jr., in command, the E-2 made an extensive run on the surface, then dived and maneuvered for several hours. After these experiences the E-2 made a successful run submerged and the crew found no trace of chlorine gas. The run proved, it was declared on excellent authority, that the new batteries gave better speed with less fuel.

The E-2 with her sister ship E-1, were the first submarines to be equipped with wireless telephony apparatus.

The accident to the E-2 is the second submarine tragedy of the American navy, which has been notably free from losses to its submersibles. The first and most serious submarine disaster was the loss of the F-4 in Honolulu harbor last March with the loss of 20 men—all the ship's company. A corroded battery lining and poor diving qualities of the boat were held responsible by the board of investigation. All the submarines of the F type were soon afterward brought home for remodeling, which now is in progress. The boats of the I type are one class older than the E-2.

**EDISON RESERVES COMMENT**  
WEST ORANGE, N. J., Jan. 15.—Thomas A. Edison, when asked today for a possible explanation of the explosion on the submarine E-2 said he would not make a statement until he had learned all the facts regarding the accident.

As soon as word of the explosion was received at the Edison works here,

## RUSSIANS RESUME OFFENSIVE IN EAST

**Vienna Reports Attacks Failed—5000 Russians Captured—Austrians Pressing Campaign Against Montenegro—Germany Adopts Measures of Retaliation Against British—Report Kaiser Appeared in Berlin Streets Yesterday**

The eastern field of war again assumes pre-eminence with the resumption of the offensive by the Russians in Bessarabia.

There had been a cessation of activity in that part of the fighting front for several days. Vienna now reports, however, that the Austrian lines have been again subjected to determined attacks but that the Russian attempts to break through were repulsed, although the attacking forces in great numbers advanced five times to the assault, the Austrian artillery proving deadly in stopping the Russian offensive.

5000 Russians Captured

It is claimed by the Austrian war office that since the inauguration of

the winter operations in eastern Galicia and Bessarabia, more than 5000 Russians, including 30 officers, have been taken prisoner. The Russians also have claimed numerous captures and have declared that notable gains of ground have been made in the course of the operations north of Czernowitz, along the rivers Stryi and Styra. The Austrians refuse to concede the Russian claims and declare their lines have held firm at all stages.

**Austrians Advancing**

The Austrians who at present are the most actively engaged of any of the belligerents, are pressing their campaign against Montenegro and announce further advances into the

*Continued to page three*

## NEWS FROM CITY HALL AND THE DEPARTMENTS

**Loan of \$10,000 Needed for Contagious Hospital Sewer—11 Deaths From Pneumonia**

Charles J. Morse, commissioner of streets and highways, stated today that it would be necessary to borrow \$10,000 for a contagious hospital sewer, and the sooner the money is borrowed, the sooner the sewer will be started. The engineer's estimate of the cost of the sewer was \$9000, but the engineer estimated the cost at \$10,000, and Mr. Morse says he

is not putting his judgment against that of the engineers so far as estimated costs are concerned.

The sewer will extend from Dunbar avenue, where it connects with Varnum avenue, up to and through Old Meadow road to the edge of the hospital site. The sewer will not be laid to the spot where the hospital will be located, Mr. Morse says.

*Continued on page 4*

Miller Reese, in charge of the battery department, left for the New York navy yard.

An official at the Edison plant said that the information Mr. Edison had so far received was that one of the gas tanks used in connection with the torpedo tubes had exploded.

**BUILT AT QUINCY**

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—The submarine E-2 which was blown up at the Brooklyn navy yard today was built at the yards of the Fore River Shipbuilding corporation in Quincy, in 1912, under a sub-contract from the Electric Boat Co. She was delivered to the government on Feb. 13 of that year.

The E-2 formerly known as the Sturgeon, was the first vessel of the navy to be equipped with Diesel oil-burning engines, as she was the first to be equipped with the new type of Edison batteries. Both her engines and former type of batteries were said by naval men to have been the source of trouble since the vessel was first commissioned. Each of these elements developed complaints which required overhauling at various times, and the general career of the boat had been a troubous one, it was said.

**MORTALITY OF LOWELL**

For the week ending January 15, 1916: Population, 106,294; total death, 36; deaths under five, 4; infectious diseases, 5; acute lung disease, 13; diphtheria, 1; tuberculosis, 4.

Death rate: 17.61 against 16.14 and 16.62 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported: Diphtheria, 12; scarlet fever, 5; measles, 2; infantile paralysis, 1; tuberculosis, 2.

Board of Health.

**EXPLOSIONS DUE TO ACCIDENTS**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Reports from the Philadelphia agent of the department of justice, bureau of investigation, indicate that the recent explosions in the Du Pont powder plants near Wilmington, Del., were due to accidents and were not the result of plots to destroy R.

**GIRLS FEET FROZEN**

BROOKLYN, Jan. 15.—Miss Mary Silvia, 18 years, sped considerable distance over icy ground to give warning of a fire in her home early today. Her feet were frozen and she was removed to a hospital. The house was destroyed, together with \$1600 in cash, which Manuel W. Silvia, a Boston jeweler, said he had in it.

**BRITISH STEAMER SUNK**

London, Jan. 15, 7:05 p.m.—The British steamer Tonnet has been sunk.

Gas portables at half price. The Thompson Hardware Co. has reduced its entire line.

**WAVERLY HOTEL**  
Special Sunday Dinner  
12 M to 7 P.M.  
75c

Single gallons..... 80c  
5 gal. lots, gal..... 70c

Free City Motor Delivery

C. B. COBURN CO.  
63 MARKET ST.

**COBURNS.**  
**DENATURED ALCOHOL**

Apple Pie Apricot Pie

Chocolate Ice Cream Assorted Cake

FREE PARKING SPACE FOR AUTOS

**Your Sleeping Porch**

Oyster Soup Boiled Halibut and Anchovy Sauce

Dressed Celery Roast Vermont Turkey Stuffed Cranberry Sauce

Boiled Ox Tongue and Spinach Peach Fritters Brandy Sauce

Boiled Potatoes Mashed Potatoes String Beans

Apple Pie Apricot Pie

Chocolate Ice Cream Assorted Cake

FREE PARKING SPACE FOR AUTOS

**LADIES!**  
We are still very busy REPAIRING and REMODELING partly worn furs.

As we are very centrally located why not step in and talk it over?

**THE FUR STORE**

64 MERRIMACK ST.  
Third Door from Central

J. E. Shanley & Co.

Also 88 Elm St., Manchester, N.H.

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ESTABLISHED 1882

J. F. O'Donnell & Sons

UNDERTAKERS

Complete equipment for city or out-town funerals.

A chapel where services may be held or bodies kept when desired.

Advice and information given.

Telephones:

Office, 439-W. Residence, 439-B.

318-324 MARKET STREET, CORNWELL STREET.

# IDEAL CAMPERS

Annual Concert and  
Dance at Associate  
Hall Last Evening

The musical overture and dancing party conducted by the Ideal Campers at Associate hall last evening attracted a very large crowd and the affair was adjudged a pronounced success by all who attended. The artistic decorations on the stage were done by the E. F. Young Co. The musical program was exceptionally good and the numbers rendered by the various young soloists were thoroughly appreciated by the audience. Miss Margaret McDonough, who sang "Mother," Miss Madeline Boland and George Sullivan made the real hits of the evening. Following the musical treat dancing was enjoyed to music furnished by Miner's orchestra. The program complete was as follows:

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## FOUR COASTERS HURT

DOUBLE RUNNER CRASHED INTO

CURE AT SPRINGFIELD—ACCIDENT UNAVOIDABLE

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 15.—Four persons were injured, one of them seriously, last night, when a large double runner, on which they were coasting down the Carew street hill ran into a curbing while an attempt was being made to avoid other coasters.

Homer Sevor of 49 Vine street, the most severely hurt, sustained a broken left hip and internal injuries, and may die. The others injured are Edward Budd of 32 Bancroft street, left knee dislocated and body bruised; Margaret Harrigan, 39 Massasoit street, lacerations of the face and arms; Mary Harrigan, 102 Massasoit street, bruises about head and body.

All were taken to Mercy hospital.

## BALD HEAD CLUB OBJECTS

Recent Ad Barring Doctors With "Polished Domes"—Community Doesn't Even Deserve Veterinarian

WINSTED, Conn., Jan. 15.—The Bald Head Club of America, of which Congressman P. Davis Oakley of Hartford is president through its founder, John Rodemeyer of Canaan, resents the following ad appearing in a current Boston publication:

"Wanted for a community of sick people, a doctor. No man over 35 need apply. If bald headed; do not waste stamping. A long and varied and successful experience in medicine of little importance. Must be young. Address, C."

"A community of sick people," said Mr. Rodemeyer yesterday, "who prefer to stay sick rather than be cured by a bald headed physician, can hardly be considered worth saving by a hairy one. We submit to Dr. Camp and Dr. Adam, who are members of the Bald Head Club of America that this sickly or sickish community up around Boston does not deserve even the ministrations of a veterinarian. Their mulish disposition to bath is sufficient proof that they haven't even horse sense."

## AMERICAN FORESTRY ASSOCIATION

Hervey B. Greene, John W. Keran, Thomas McKay and Clarence M. Wood are the Lowell delegates who will attend the 35th annual meeting of the American Forestry Association at the Copley-Plaza hotel, Boston, next Monday and Tuesday nights. It is anticipated that several hundred delegates, representing New England and the Middle and Atlantic states will be present. The chief topic for discussion will be the effort to secure an extension of the Fund for the purchase of federal forest reserves in the New England and the Southern Appalachian states under the provisions of the Weeks law. A hearing on this subject will be given by the agricultural committee of the house of representatives on Jan. 28 and at the meeting here arrangements from all over the country, on hand to present arguments showing the necessity for continuing the purchase of federal reserves.

Gov. McColl Dr. Charles W. Eliot, Nathaniel Kidder, president of the Massachusetts Forestry association; Dr. Henry S. Drinker, president of the American Forestry association; Gordon Lee, member of the National Forest Reservation commission; Henry S. Graves, chief forester of the United States; Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the fifth conservation commission; and other prominent men, will be the speakers at the joint forestry banquet to be given on the evening of Jan. 17, while at the general sessions on the afternoon of Jan. 17, and morning and afternoon on Jan. 18, to which

## UNDIGESTED FOOD

## FERMENTS IN STOMACH

Then the stomach is "gour" and needs sweetening. There is nausea, belching of gas, and in some cases vomiting of acid or bitter matters.

Take Dye-pepsits. They combine the best digestives, carminatives and correctives and will give you prompt relief. They are pleasant to take and agreeable in action. Made by Hood and therefore good—an elegant product of up-to-date pharmacy.

Get a box at your druggist's today.

the public is invited, will be presented addresses and discussion on private, city, state and national forestry in most of its important phases.

## SUPERIOR COURT SESSION

LOWELL CASES DISPOSED OF AT

YESTERDAY'S SESSION AT EAST CAMBRIDGE

The following criminal cases were disposed of at the superior court session at East Cambridge yesterday before Judge Raymond.

Howard Vidal, charged with the violation of the milk law; case placed on file.

George Kavouris, charged with assault and battery; probation, providing defendant pays \$10 fine.

Vassilis Maradis, charged with assault and battery placed on file; a settlement with plaintiff having been effected.

Patrick J. McCormick, charged with drunkenness, placed on file in view of the fact that he is serving a sentence meted out on July 23.

All these cases were from Lowell.

Leroy P. Draper of Chelmsford, non-support of a minor child, pleaded guilty and was placed on probation.

## GUESTS OF HOME CLUB

## HIGHLAND CLUB MEMBERS WERE

ROYALLY ENTERTAINED BY THE

HOME CLUB OF LAWRENCE

The Highland club of this city paid its annual visit to the Home club of Lawrence on Thursday evening and was royally entertained.

A series of games in billiards, cowboy and straight pool was run off, the representatives of the two clubs breaking even. Later a buffet lunch was served and an informal good time was enjoyed. In a 150-point balk line billiard match, Cochran of Lowell beat M. W. Morris of Lawrence and Earle of the Highland club beat Dr. McArville of the Lawrence club. In the pool contests the Lawrence men were more fortunate, however, for Robert Priestman beat Norris of Lowell in the cowboy event and Colby beat Potter of Lowell in the straight pool. All of the matches were closely contested and were watched by large galleries. The playing of Cochran was particularly brilliant.

The buffet lunch, served by Chef Emmett Ruddy of the club was made the basis of many lasting friendships as the men gathered together about the long refreshment table. The party then broke up into groups, each of which enjoyed itself as its kindred spirits desired so that when the hour of departure drew near the 60 or more Lawrence men were loath to depart. They shortly congratulated Chairman A. W. Schaeke of the house committee who was in charge of the event and were loud in their praise of the hospitality extended them.

## ON TELEPHONE RATES

## PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

HEARS ARGUMENTS—COMPANY'S ENGINEER TESTIFIES

CENTRAL M.E. CHURCH

"America—Her Mission and Destiny,"

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—The Public Service commission yesterday closed its hearing, based on the resolve passed by the legislature of 1915 for an investigation of the rates charged by the New England Telephone company and the necessity for legislation in regard to "extension telephone services."

E. K. Hall, vice-president of the company, conducted his side of the case, and the first witness was George K. Manson, chief engineer of the company. He submitted in great detail the results of analysis of the work sheets on 600 extensions picked at random during a period of about a year. He was cross-examined by Commissioner Eastman.

The principal witnesses at the afternoon hearing were independent manufacturers of telephone instruments, electrical specialties, telephone engineers and salesmen. They sought to offset figures presented by Chief Engineer Manson in the morning.

George E. Colby, salesman, conducted the case for the independents and called for his first and principal witness, Charles B. Fitts, who declared that the general public would greatly benefit if the independents would be allowed to enter the telephone instrument and extension set market. Mr. Fitts then read to the board a long list of comparisons in which he endeavored to show that they can manufacture and install as cheaply and quickly as the Western Electric company.

W. J. Murdock of Everett, manufacturer of electrical specialties and telephone receivers, testified as to the cost of receivers. George E. Colby and George K. Manson were heard.

Arguments were made by Mr. Colby for the independents and Mr. Hall for the telephone company.

## SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

A well attended and enthusiastic meeting of Court General Dimon, Foresters of America, was held last evening at Grafton hall, with Chief Ranger Murphy presiding. After the regular business had been transacted the following officers were installed: Chief ranger, Francis Murphy; sub-chief ranger, Harry O'Donnell; treasurer, Hector Gill; financial secretary, Stephen Breen; recording secretary, Joseph A. Lorraine; senior Woodward, Matthew Sheridan; junior Woodward, Michael Daly; senior beadle, Bernard Burt; junior beadle, Eugene Bolger; lecturer, William Hartley. After the meeting a social hour was enjoyed and refreshments were served.

## DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS

The installation of the Daughters of Veterans, held last evening in Post 110 hall on Merrimack street, was witnessed by members of Grand Army posts 155, 126 and 42 and Adelbert Ames Sons of Veterans. The following newly elected officers were installed by Mrs. Grace M. T. Brock of Leominster as guide; President, Mrs. Alice Phelps; senior vice president, Miss Nettie West; junior vice president, Mrs. Susie Gleason; patriotic instructor, Miss Ellen Hodson; color bearers, Miss Marion Simpson; Miss Ella Hall, Miss Thurza Curtis and Mrs. Ethelinda Curtis. During the evening there were a number of splendid addresses by the newly installed officers and the guests present.

Following the installation, supper was served in the dining hall.

**Wameets Lodge, K. of P.**

Reports of officers and committees read at the meeting of Wameets Lodge, 25 K. of P., held last evening, were very encouraging. The financial report was the best on record for the past 15

years.

Then the stomach is "gour" and needs sweetening. There is nausea,

belching of gas, and in some cases

vomiting of acid or bitter matters.

Take Dye-pepsits. They combine

the best digestives, carminatives and

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CURE AT SPRINGFIELD—ACCIDENT

UNAVOIDABLE

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 15.—Four persons were injured, one of them seriously, last night, when a large double runner, on which they were coasting down the Carew street hill ran into a curbing while an attempt was being made to avoid other coasters.

Homer Sevor of 49 Vine street, the most severely hurt, sustained a broken left hip and internal injuries, and may die.

The others injured are Edward Budd of 32 Bancroft street, left knee dislocated and body bruised; Margaret Harrigan, 39 Massasoit street, lacerations of the face and arms; Mary Harrigan, 102 Massasoit street, bruises about head and body.

All were taken to Mercy hospital.

## BALD HEAD CLUB OBJECTS

Recent Ad Barring Doctors With "Polished Domes"—Community Doesn't Even Deserve Veterinarian

WINSTED, Conn., Jan. 15.—The Bald Head Club of America, of which Congressman P. Davis Oakley of Hartford is president through its founder, John Rodemeyer of Canaan, resents the following ad appearing in a current Boston publication:

"Wanted for a community of sick people, a doctor. No man over 35 need apply. If bald headed; do not waste stamping. A long and varied and successful experience in medicine of little importance. Must be young. Address, C."

"A community of sick people," said Mr. Rodemeyer yesterday, "who prefer to stay sick rather than be cured by a bald headed physician, can hardly be considered worth saving by a hairy one. We submit to Dr. Camp and Dr. Adam, who are members of the Bald Head Club of America that this sickly or sickish community up around Boston does not deserve even the ministrations of a veterinarian. Their mulish disposition to bath is sufficient proof that they haven't even horse sense."

## AMERICAN FORESTRY ASSOCIATION

Hervey B. Greene, John W. Keran, Thomas McKay and Clarence M. Wood are the Lowell delegates who will attend the 35th annual meeting of the American Forestry Association at the Copley-Plaza hotel, Boston, next Monday and Tuesday nights. It is anticipated that several hundred delegates, representing New England and the Middle and Atlantic states will be present. The chief topic for discussion will be the effort to secure an extension of the Fund for the purchase of federal forest reserves in the New England and the Southern Appalachian states under the provisions of the Weeks law. A hearing on this subject will be given by the agricultural committee of the house of representatives on Jan. 28 and at the meeting here arrangements from all over the country, on hand to present arguments showing the necessity for continuing the purchase of federal reserves.

Gov. McColl Dr. Charles W. Eliot, Nathaniel Kidder, president of the Massachusetts Forestry association; Dr. Henry S. Drinker, president of the American Forestry association; Gordon Lee, member of the National Forest Reservation commission; Henry S. Graves, chief forester of the United States; Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the fifth conservation commission; and other prominent men, will be the speakers at the joint forestry banquet to be given on the evening of Jan. 17, while at the general sessions on the afternoon of Jan. 17, and morning and afternoon on Jan. 18, to which

## UNDIGESTED FOOD

## FERMENTS IN STOMACH

Then the stomach is "gour" and needs sweetening. There is nausea,

belching of gas, and in some cases

vomiting of acid or bitter matters.

Take Dye-pepsits. They combine

the best digestives, carminatives and

correctives and will give you prompt

relief. They are pleasant to take and

agreeable in action. Made by Hood

and therefore good—an elegant

product of up-to-date pharmacy.



# NEW ENGLAND STATES LINE UP FOR WEEKS

Prospect That He May Be Taken Up as a Harmony Candidate By Progressives and Republicans — Interviews By Sun Correspondent

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—Through Senator Gallinger, the voice of New Hampshire has been raised in favor of Senator Weeks, a candidate for president on the republican ticket, although the Granite state delegates are not unanimous by any means, as would appear from an application in some quarters in favor of Gov. McCall. Further interviews by The Sun correspondent show that all the New England states are likely to fall in line for Weeks.

In Massachusetts

Representative Joseph Walsh, of Massachusetts, said today: "With the rapid approach of the presidential primaries, it is becoming amply evident that the New England states will give their united support to Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts. Political leaders in all sections of New England, including many of the principal progressives, have already announced themselves in favor of the Massachusetts senator, and many more, I understand, are preparing to do so, in order that other sections of the country which are favorable to Senator Weeks may know that he will go to Chicago with united support at home."

"One of the most notable of the recent declarations in favor of Senator Weeks was the signed statement given out by former United States Senator William E. Chandler, of New Hamp-

shire, a leader in progressive political thought in New England. Senator Chandler declares that Senator Weeks is unmistakably possessed of all the intellectual and moral qualifications indispensable for the performance of the presidential duties, and calls upon all the New England states to give him their hearty support.

"Charles W. Thompson, of Vermont, a member of the national executive committee of the progressive party, is another prominent New Englander who recently endorsed Senator Weeks. Mr. Thompson urges the election of Weeks on the ground that the country demands a more adequate and satisfactory handling of our international and domestic problems, and points to Weeks as the man. Other leaders in New England have recently voiced similar sentiments, and it seems clear to me that Senator Weeks will go to Chicago as the 'favorite son' of the six northeastern states."

As Harmony Candidate

The Washington Star says: "The evident sweeping move toward republican harmony manifested by the progressive conference at Chicago will renew the discussion of the availability of candidates to all the harmony bill," said Representative Greene of Massachusetts today.

"It seems to me that the demands of the progressives for a candidate of progressive characteristics and the insistence of the regulars for a man

of business capacity can be met by the selection of Senator Weeks as the republican candidate for president.

"Senator Weeks' record in his own state and in the two branches of Congress has shown consistent broad-mindedness and freedom from radicalism.

"In the recent campaign in Massachusetts he was actively engaged in the work which the progressives and the old-line republicans carried on hand-in-hand to success.

"I think he will have the entire New England delegation, will be acceptable to New York and also to Pennsylvania. He has made an excellent impression throughout the west, especially in the progressive states, and possesses the esteem of the progressive leaders in congress from that region.

"It is quite evident that there must be found a man who will be acceptable to both factions of the republican party now drawing together, and I think Senator Weeks will meet that necessity." RICHARDS.

ESTABROOK FOR MCCALL

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—F. W. Estabrook, republican committeeman from New Hampshire, issued a statement last night in which he says that New England is not taking the candidacy of Senator Weeks for the nomination for the presidency seriously, and that I think Senator Weeks will meet that necessity."

It seems to me that the demands of the progressives for a candidate of progressive characteristics and the insistence of the regulars for a man

nounced that its case was finished and Wednesday was agreed upon for the other side's story.

William F. Looby, after pleading guilty to drunkenness, asked the court for a "show." "You had your 'show' in this court last month when you were placed on probation. Yesterday you drove your wife out of the house and into the neighborhood in a tumult," remarked the court. Looby was committed to jail.

Daniel Judge, for drunkenness, was placed on probation.

The case of Joseph C. Regnier, non-support of his wife, was continued one week for sentence.

STRUCK BY ELECTRIC CAR

JAMES MULDOON KNOCKED DOWN AND TAKEN TO HOSPITAL FOR TREATMENT

While crossing Thorndike street, near the canal bridge, about 5:45 o'clock this forenoon, James Muldoon of 525 Westford street was struck and knocked down by an electric car. He sustained a laceration over one eye which required five stitches at St. John's hospital, where he was taken in the ambulance. After receiving treatment Mr. Muldoon was removed to his home. It is understood that he was crossing the street and was not aware of the approach of the car until too late to get out of the way.

CHURCH OPENS MARKET

TO SELL MEAT AND GROCERIES IN BASEMENT—PLAN TO RAISE MONEY

WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 15.—An announcement was made today by the Rev. C. E. Benedict of St. Paul's Methodist church, of an unusual plan for securing funds for a new church building. A grocery store and meat market will be opened in the basement of St. Paul's church, and 50 per cent of the net profits will go to the building fund. The other 50 per cent will be divided among the members of the cooperative association, who will conduct the business. Mr. Benedict is a former grocer. The cement blocks for the new church building will be made by the young men and boys of the parish.

Poole, it seems, got a cut on his nose during the trouble and the defense attempted to show that it was caused by a blow from one of the special officers. Patrick Hogan, a special officer, testified that Poole fell while trying to run away and received the cut. After Mr. Hogan testified the government an-

tioned that he was struck once by Noel and a second time by some one else who came up behind him.

John Brennan of Collinsville, aged 17 years, said that he was on the car, heard the swearing and saw Poole strike the conductor. Officer Cullinan did not see any of the trouble but talked with defendants afterward.

They admitted they had been fighting a little and said they were on their way to a party at a farm near Dracut.

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## INDICT LAWRENCE MEN

TWO ARE CHARGED WITH MURDER—ESSEX CO. GRAND JURY SUBMITS 75 INDICTMENTS

SALEM, Jan. 15.—In the superior criminal court late yesterday afternoon, Judge Shirk presiding, the Essex county grand jury submitted 75 indictments, of which the following were the most important:

Mario Carbo, Lynn, manslaughter.

Constant Marrotti, Lawrence, murder.

Hormidas Skuhner, Lawrence, murder.

Speros Panazopoulos, Peabody, assault with intent to maim.

Adam Nelewski, Saugus, assault with dangerous weapon.

Charles Johnson, Swampscott, assault with a dangerous weapon.

Robert Miller, Andover, assault and battery.

George W. Heasly, Lynn, unlawful prescribing of drugs.

Giovanni Conetto, Lawrence, statutory offense.

Abram T. Lander, Gloucester, uttering forged instrument.

Clarence A. Stetson, Lynn, illegal operation.

Arsenio Pieno, Lynn, statutory offense.

Anthony Kampanares, Michael Conda, and Speros Panazopoulos, all of Peabody; assault on an officer.

Esa Rohle, Lawrence, statutory offense.

Ersilia Ruggiero, Lynn, assault with a dangerous weapon.

Abraham B. Seelye, Lynn, receiving stolen property.

The superior criminal court will come in at Salem at 9:45 a.m. Monday. Judge Quinn will preside.

**CHARGE OF SMUGGLING**

NEW YORK MEN ALLEGED TO HAVE SMUGGLED DIAMONDS WORTH \$700,000 INTO COUNTRY

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Herman J. Dietz, a jeweler formerly in business in this city, and his son Charles were placed on trial before Judge Hunt in the United States district court yesterday on a charge of smuggling \$700,000 worth of diamonds over the Canadian border between 1912 and 1914.

The government contended the ramifications of the case extend to the bankruptcy court in which seven or eight firms filed petitions after the Dietz firm was found insolvent. Several Canadian houses are alleged to have lost heavily through complicated note transactions.

It is charged that Dietz and his son had the diamonds shipped from Antwerp to Montreal and brought them from there in lots valued at \$25,000 or less.

## AMUSEMENT NOTES

## OPERA HOUSE

This afternoon and tonight at the Opera House, the Emerson Players will present "The Dummy" for the last times and packed houses will greet the popular players. "The Dummy" has certainly made a great hit with the theatregoers of Lowell and the production is one of the finest ever offered in this city. For reservations, phone 261.

Sunday afternoon and night at the Opera House, there will be a splendid program of vaudeville and picture features. The management having secured five headline acts, all big time stars, which are certain to score tremendous success. The Boston Four is a class quartet of comedies and fun artists with a batch of the newest song hits and the funniest gags ever heard on any stage. The Kellers, a natty boy and nifty girl in a novel song revue is an act that will prove a great hit. This is one of the neatest acts in vaudeville. Burns and Sinclair dealers in charming nonsense made up of songs and jokes is a splendid act. Dunstan and Worsley, the stars of melodyland and Downes and Richards in a 15-minute deluge of joy completed this splendid program.

There are just two performances, the matinee starting at 2 p.m. and the evening performance at 7:30 o'clock. Patrons should secure seats early and as many as possible arrange to attend the performance in the afternoon to avoid disappointment. Seats are now needed for both performances.

Next week, starting with a special bon bon matinée on Monday, the Emerson Players will present "The Bridge," a great dramatic sensation which is one of the biggest hits ever scored on the American stage and which is one of the most stupendous productions ever offered on any stage in this country. They are not selling for the entire week and as a contract for the production of "The Old Homestead" has already been signed "The Bridge" is positively limited to one week's production. Phone 261.

"The Bridge" is a gripping drama, checkful of thrills and with stirring action. The characters in the play are strong and give the Emerson Players splendid opportunities to exploit their talents in emotional and comedy roles. Herbert Heyes, Ann O'Day and all the favorites will be seen in very good character, entirely different from anything they have previously played.

A wonderful scene production of "The Bridge" will be offered. The construction of a bridge, with the workmen swinging on the heavy iron griders, is one of the scenes and the most realistic ever seen on any stage. It will prove a revelation.

Other acts care for this play. Be sure you see it early in the week, too, as hundreds are certain to be disappointed.

**B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE**

Six acts of excellent quality will

**"TIZ" GLADDENS SORE, TIRED FEET**

No puffed-up, burning, tender, aching feet—no corns or callouses.

"Tiz" makes sore, burning, tired feet fairly dance with delight. Away go the aches and pains, the corns, callouses, blisters, bunions and children.

"Tiz" draws out the acids and poisons that puff up your feet. No matter how hard you work, how long you dance, how far you walk, or how long you remain on your feet, "Tiz" brings restful foot comfort. "Tiz" is magical, grand, wonderful for tired, aching, swollen, smarting feet. "Ah! how comfortable, how happy you feel." Your feet just tingle for joy; shoes never hurt or seem tight.

Get a 25 cent box of "Tiz" now from any druggist or department store. End foot torture forever—wear smaller shoes, keep your feet fresh, sweet and happy. Just think! a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents.

Separation allowances to wives of German soldiers now amounts to \$23,500,000 a month.

## VICEROY OF INDIA

## Appointment of Baron Chelmsford to Honor Post Announced

LONDON, Jan. 15.—It was officially announced last night that Baron Chelmsford, ex-governor of Queensland and of New South Wales, has been appointed viceroy and governor general of India, in succession to Baron Hardinge.

Baron Chelmsford, the third of that title, was born Aug. 12, 1868. His mother was before her marriage to the second Baron Chelmsford, Adria Fanny Heath, daughter of Major General Heath of the Bombay army. The new viceroy's family name is Frederick John Napier Thesiger. He was married in 1904 to Frances Charlotte Guest, daughter of Baron Winborne.

He served several terms in prominent London county and city offices and was made governor of Queensland, Australia, in 1905. He served as such till his appointment as governor of New South Wales in 1909. He returned to England in 1913.

## JURY FINDS FOR BOWLER

## MRS. PINKHAM LOSES SUIT FOR \$75,000 BROUGHT AGAINST WEALTHY BREWER

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Mrs. Elizabeth Pinkham, a widow living in Brooklyn, has failed to recover any part of the \$75,000 which she thought she was entitled to receive from John Bowler, a wealthy Worcester brewer. The Suffolk county jury yesterday returned a verdict for the defendant. They were out five hours.

Mrs. Pinkham claimed that following a course of relations which were termed intimate, and after he had paid her \$5000 in cash to regain possession of some incriminating letters which he had written to her.

Mr. Bowler began a campaign of abuse and slander by way of the telephone at night and in the daytime, which so affected her mentally that she suffered from a shock or cerebral hemorrhage with resulting physical effects.

A chance acquaintance beginning in 1899 at the corner of Tremont and Elliot streets had its final termination yesterday.

In 1899 Mrs. Pinkham slipped while boarding a car. Mr. Bowler was present to lend a helping hand. This friendship grew and ripened until, as Mrs. Pinkham testified, she was meeting the wealthy brewer frequently in a Boston hotel.

In 1903 a dispute arose between them and she went to her lawyer's office with him and there received \$5000, while he in turn was given a receipt and some letters which he much desired.

From this time on, according to Mrs. Pinkham, she was subjected to persecution which took the form of telephone calls during the course of which she was called an immoral woman, a thief, blackmailer and extortioner. No name was given, she said, but she claimed to have recognized the voice as that of John Bowler.

On his part Mr. Bowler claimed that he was done with her when he paid the \$5000. Temptation was several times put in his way, he said, by Mrs. Pinkham, who he claimed urged him to resume their former relations and made demands for money, accompanied by threats of exposure. Always he declined, he said.

## TO GIVE CONCERT

BOSTON Symphony Orchestra and Mr. Albert Edmund Brown to Appear at Highland Club

The entertainment committee of the Highland club has completed arrangements for a very fine concert to be given in the club hall on Wednesday evening, Feb. 9th.

The Boston Symphony Orchestral club and Mr. Albert Edmund Brown, baritone of this city, have been engaged for this concert.

This orchestral club is composed of twelve of the first players of the Boston Symphony orchestra and is one of the finest organizations of its kind in the country. Mr. Brown's reputation as a soloist of rare ability is well known in this city.

The program given by these artists will be made up of both classical and popular numbers, and will afford an opportunity for hearing a concert that will be a delight to lovers of good music.

## PILE CURED AT HOME BY NEW ABSORPTION METHOD.

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blistery or protruding piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment, and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Users report immediate relief and speedy cures. Send no money, but tell others of this order. Write today to Mrs. M. Summer, Box E, Notre Dame, Ind.

## HOTEL

## COLLINGWOOD

West 35th Street NEW YORK CITY

SETH H. MOSCLEY

Half Blk. from Herald Sq. & 5th Av.

In midst of leading department stores and theatres.

Select accommodations for discriminating people with personal attention and service impossible in the larger hotels. Our patronage is earnestly solicited.

Room without bath.....\$1.50

Room without bath for two.....\$2.00

Room with bath.....\$2.50

Room with bath for two.....\$3.00

Parlor Bedroom with bath.....\$5.00

Special attention given to ladies and families. Restaurant at moderate prices.

## MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS

of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

## GUMB BROS.

Cor. Gorham and Anderson sts.

Near Edson Cemetery.

Tel. 1017

## SLEEPYTIME TALES

## JOCK AND THE BEES

Once upon a time Jock, the little dog, started out with his master for a walk in the woods. There had been a little snow and very soon they saw some rabbit tracks in the soft snow and Jock at once put his nose to the ground and started off to trail the rabbit.

It wasn't long before Jock saw a rabbit sitting up on his haunches near a tree and Jock ran toward it as fast as he could. Mr. Rabbit was too quick for him, however, and ran toward an old stump and in a second was inside and out of danger.

Now Jock had also seen the stump before and remembered that it was quite large enough for him to crawl in as well as the rabbit. So he made a dash for the hollow stump which was lying flat on the ground and in went the rabbit.

When the rabbit ran through it had stirred up a nest of bees that were making their winter home in

garden's reunion were attractive, they weren't a circumstance to the girls behind.

That the eligible young men of Lawrence take a second look when the bells of Claire street passes along Essex street.

That you will die in time, anyway, don't permit a health faddist to beat you out of the fun you might otherwise have.

That if the Cartridge shop were to engage twice the number now employed there would still be applicants for positions.

That there's many a weighty problem, national and international, settled by the late breakfasters—to their satisfaction at least.

That the preliminary plans indicate that the Mathews banquet this year will be one of the best in the history of the Institute.

That if the price of hard coal continues to advance people will have to resort to soft coal as they did a number of years ago.

That if the present cold snap holds on for a few days there will be little need of worrying over a shortage of coal this summer.

That the county of Middlesex is shyness one valued member of the jury as the result of an accident to James J. Kennedy of this city.

That the people of St. Columba's parish can sympathize with those of St. Margaret's for both lose zealous and popular clergymen.

That the members of the Highland club will try to go to the Home club of Lawrence one better when they visit in this city next month.

That the flooding of the Textile campus for skating purposes would be a good turn to the younger element of the Pawtucketville district.

That Pawtucketville residents are much confident that they will get that much desired and long sought for improvement.

That Mayor O'Donnell's suggestion as to the personnel of an advisory

board on the high school matter, as adopted, would give general satisfaction.

That Commissioner Putnam wanted the fire and water departments to be not forced upon him as some of his alleged friends would have you believe.

That friends of James Cornell, one of the best known young men in the Second Ward parish, will be pleased to learn he is recovering from his recent illness.

That there is little doubt that bowling is the king of indoor sports this winter for within the past couple of weeks two new bowling alleys have been opened in this city.

That instead of putting on 15 more trees the city should give those already ready on an opportunity to prove their contention that one day off in May will not increase the expense of the department.

That Heinle Wagner would make a good man for Lowell in the event of Charlie Kelchner not coming here.

But if Charlie can come local fans will make no further suggestions for a manager.

## \$50,000 FOR WESLEYAN

Gift By Friend For New Chapel to Replace Civil War Memorial—Building a Necessity

MIDDLETON, Conn., Jan. 15.—Pres. William Arnold Shanklin announced last night the gift of \$50,000 by an anonymous friend for a new chapel at Wesleyan University. It will replace Memorial Chapel, erected in 1863 in memory of the Wesleyan students who fell in the Civil war.

The increase in the registration at Wesleyan the past few years has made the erection of a new building imperative. Work on the building will now commence and long sought for improvement.

That Mayor O'Donnell's suggestion as to the personnel of an advisory

board on the high school matter, as adopted, would give general satisfaction.

NOTICES POSTED IN NEW BEDFORD COTTON MILLS—32,000 OPERATIVES AFFECTED

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 15.—Notices were posted in the cotton mills of this city today of an advance of a per cent in wages, effective January 17. This increase affects 32,000 operatives and means an addition to the mills payroll of about \$15,000 a week. The Textile Council had asked for an advance of 10 per cent.

Lowell, Saturday, Jan. 15, 1916.

## PATENTS

## THAT PROTECT AND PAY

## Books, Advice and List of Inventors Wanted

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## WATSON E. COLEMAN

PATENT LAWYER

624 F Street, N.W. Washington, D.C.

## INCREASE OF 5





# LATEST

## BLOCKADE OF GERMANY

**Great Britain Soon to Announce the Establishment of Actual Blockade, According to Reports**

LONDON, Jan. 15.—That Great Britain will soon announce the establishment of an actual blockade of Germany and her allies, thereby superseding the condition, which had been established by the orders in council, was the statement made today by Americans who have been in close contact with the machinery of the British orders in council in consequence of their acting here as representatives of the American shippers, whose business had been affected by the execution of the orders.

A person who can speak authoritatively and who has acted as a representative of American interests in connection with British prize court proceedings, reviewed today for The Associated Press, the evolution of the orders in council.

He said:

"The British government shows an unmistakable tendency now to shift around to the persistently expressed

American contention that the international law which prevailed before the present war must ultimately govern Great Britain's assertion of her sea power. It is well known that when the war began, the admiralty urged upon the foreign office the necessity for the declaration of an actual blockade, but the latter believed that the susceptibilities of neutrals could be better met by orders in council, and after the adoption of these, the government began its interminable agreements with neutrals. These agreements might have succeeded, had it not been for the opposition of the United States, which took the stand from the first that the orders in council were illegal and that, therefore, even if valid or sub rosa recognition of them, in forms similar to the Danish agreement and the New Zealand Overseas Trust, would be a surreptitious sovereignty under international law. Even though not endorsing the attitude of the biggest of the neutrals, the smaller neutral states began to chafe under the agreements, which are criticized as being partial.

MRS. PANKHURST SHARE IN \$60,000 ESTATE

**CHILDREN OF LATE SAMUEL E. EMERY WIN BY RULING OF FULL BENCH**

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—The full bench of the supreme court today ruled that the children of the late Samuel E. Emery of Portsmouth, N. H., should share in his \$60,000 estate. Juries had twice returned verdicts to this effect, but Mrs. Mary E. B. Emery, second wife of the testator, who was the principal beneficiary under the will, carried the case to the full bench on exceptions.

**HELD FOR GRAND JURY**

EDWIN D. CARTER, CHARGED WITH MURDER OF DEPUTY SHERIFF LAWTON

WESTFIELD, Mass., Jan. 15.—Edwin D. Carter, whose plea of guilty in connection with the killing of Deputy Sheriff R. F. Lawton, was not accepted by the court a few days ago, pleaded not guilty today. Probable cause was found after a hearing in which he offered no defense, and Carter was ordered held for the grand jury. Deputy Sheriff Lawton was shot Tuesday night during a visit to Carter's house, where he had gone to arrest the latter on a charge of threatening to assault his wife.

**MURDER OF AMERICAN**

CARRANZA COMMANDANT ASKED FOR FACTS ON MURDER OF PETE KEANE

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 15.—On instructions from Washington, Thomas D. Edwards, American consul, today requested Gov. Gabriel Gavira, Carranza commandant here, to produce all available facts concerning the murder of Peter Keane, an American, by Mexican bandits at the Hearst Babirica ranch in Chihuahua ten days ago. Edwards also requested the Carranza authorities to procure the body and bring it to the border.

**NOW GOES TO SENATE**

**THE MINERAL LAND LEASING BILL PASSED THE HOUSE TODAY—AFFECTS LAND IN U. S. AND ALASKA**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The mineral land leasing bill, affecting all of the 700,000 acres of public land in continental United States and Alaska, passed the house. It now goes to the senate.

**QUINN TO OPEN STORE**

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Francis Oulmet, former national open and former national amateur golf champion, today announced his intention of opening a sporting goods store, notwithstanding the ruling of the United States Golf Association at Chicago, that any person whose business depends upon his golfing prowess will be considered a professional. Quinn is to have as a partner John H. Sullivan, Jr., who also has attained some prominence as an amateur golfer.

"I do not think that the ruling will affect us," Quinn said. "Neither Sullivan nor myself is relying on any fame as an amateur golfer to sell goods. We are going into the business because we believe we are good salesmen, not because of our skill on the links."

**THE MEXICAN SITUATION**

**Carranza Commanders Trying to Round Up Bandits Who Massacred Americans in Chihuahua**

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 15.—The movement of General Trevino and other Carranza military commanders to round up and destroy the bandits who massacred 18 Americans in Chihuahua state last Monday, divided attention on this side of the boundary today with efforts to bring out of the Mexican

danger zone, foreigners who failed to board the relief train which brought 52 refugees to this city last night.

A train which was sent from here Thursday night reached the city of Parral last night and is expected to arrive at Juarez tomorrow or Monday under escort.

According to mining officials who

## TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

### NEW YORK MARKET

	High	Low	Close
Am Boot	65 1/4	63 1/2	65 1/4
Am Can	64 1/4	62 1/2	63 1/4
Am Can pf	112 1/2	111 1/2	112 1/2
Am Car & Fin	72	70 1/2	71
Am Cot Oil	56	55 1/2	56
Am Hide & Ljn	56 1/2	54 1/2	55 1/2
Am Locomo	67 1/2	65 1/2	66 1/2
Am Sugar Ref	104 1/2	103 1/2	104 1/2
Am Steel & R	115	105 1/2	106 1/2
Am Sugar Ref	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2
Apacanda	79 1/2	78 1/2	79 1/2
Atchison	101	100 1/2	101
Atchison pf	90 1/2	89 1/2	90 1/2
Atchison Loc	114	111 1/2	112 1/2
Patt & Ohio	35	31 1/2	34 1/2
Patt & Ohio pf	79 1/2	76 1/2	78 1/2
Ba Rap Tran	129 1/2	127 1/2	129 1/2
Canadian Pa	24 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Chile	53 1/2	53	53 1/2
Cent Leather	61 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Col Fuel	49 1/2	48 1/2	49
Crucible Steel	70 1/2	67 1/2	68 1/2
Day Secur Co	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Erie Ist pf	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
Gen Elec	176	172 1/2	176
Gen North pf	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
GN Or pf	49 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Illinois Cen	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Calif Pete	35 1/2	34 1/2	35
No pref	68 1/2	66 1/2	68 1/2
Oil Paper	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
M. Mc	69 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Mo Ist	59 1/2	58 1/2	59 1/2
Mo 2nd	55 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Kan City So	21	21	21
Kan & Tex	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
Lehigh Valley	81	80 1/2	80 1/2
Mex Petroleum	116	115 1/2	115 1/2
Met Steel	70 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
Nat Lead	112 1/2	113 1/2	113 1/2
Not Lead pf	113 1/2	113 1/2	113 1/2
N Y Alt Brake	151 1/2	147 1/2	151 1/2
N Y Central	110 1/2	110	110
Nor & West	120 1/2	120	120 1/2
No Am Co	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
North Pac	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
People's Gas	110 1/2	110	110
Pressed Steel	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2
Pullman Co	168 1/2	167	168
Py St Sp Co	41 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Reading	52 1/2	52	52
Rep Iron & S	53	52 1/2	52 1/2
Rock Is	83 1/2	81	81 1/2
Rox Poa	101 1/2	100 1/2	102 1/2
Southern Ry	23 1/2	23	23
Southern Ry pf	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Studebaker	153 1/2	157	157
Tenn Copper	60 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Tex Pac	9	8	9
Third Ave	62 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2
Union Pac	104 1/2	104	104
U S Steel	86	85 1/2	85 1/2
U S Steel	177 1/2	177 1/2	177 1/2
Utah Copper	78 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
Westinghouse	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Western Un	92	90	91 1/2
Wiscon Cen	38	38	38

**EXCHANGES**

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Exchanges, \$5,802,623. Balance, \$19,023,046. Weekly exchanges, \$2,170,520,035. Balances, \$146,423,783.

### TRADING VERY ACTIVE

#### SPECIALTIES MADE GAINS OF FIVE TO 18 POINTS—CLOSING IRREGULAR

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Trading was very active today but the movement was more or less confusing. Specialties like Bethlehem Steel, International Nickel, American Coal Products and New York Air Brake made extreme gains of five to 18 points, the other issues of that class rose only moderately.

Mexican issues were again the spell of depression and rails were dull and irregular, while United States Steel was under persistent pressure. Mercantile Marine issues again were the outstanding features, the preferred stock rising 2 1/2 to 8 1/2 in the new record of \$2 1/4 and the 4 1/2-18 per cent certificates 2 1/4 to 10 1/4-3 1/2 also a new maximum. The closing was irregular. Bonds were strong with further heavy dealings in New York Central debentures.

### CLEARING HOUSE

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The actual condition of clearing house bank and trust companies for the week shows that they sold \$172,518,370 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of \$18,892,110.

### MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Mercantile paper 3 1/2-4. Sterling: Sixty day bills 4 7/8-3 1/2; demand 4 7/8-1 1/2; cables 4 7/8-3 1/2-4. France: Demand 5 1/2-1 1/2; cables 5 1/2-3 1/2-4.

Marks: Demand 76-1 1/2-4; cables 76-1 1/2-4-1 1/2; Kroner: demand 18; cables 18-1 1/2-4. Guilders: Demand 43-1 1/2-2; cables 43-3 1/2-4. Lires: Demand 6 7/8-7 1/2-6 1/2; cables 6 7/8-8 1/2-7 1/2. Rubles: Demand 31-1 1/2-2; cables 30-3 1/2-2 1/2. Bar silver: 56-7 1/2-8. Mexican dollars: 44. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds strong.

### COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Cotton futures opened steady January 12-28; March 12-55; May 12-80; July 12-92; October 12-74.

Cotton futures closed steady, Jan. 12-30; March 12-47; May 12-89; July 12-82; October 12-71. Spot quiet; middling 12-50.

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### MEMPHIS

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Firm prices

were maintained by mining shares during the short session of the local market today with fractional advances recorded by some of the more favorite issues. United Fruit was the strong feature of the market, selling up 1 3/4 to 147 1/4 during the first hour. Trading was quiet and prices irregular at the close. United Fruit 14 1/2-17 1/2; Calumet and Hecla 580; Bute and Superior 77; Wolverine 81; Tamarack 55.

### BOSTON MARKET

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The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

# THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY JANUARY 15 1916

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT

## MEASURES OF REPRISAL

### Germany to Retaliate for Killing of Submarine Crew By British Patrol Boat Baralong

BERLIN, Jan. 15.—(Via wireless to Sayville)—In its reply to the British government in the Baralong case, the text of which was made public here today, Germany takes the ground that Great Britain no longer desires to observe the requirements of international law, in regard to German submarines and breaks off negotiations on this subject. In addition to announcing its decision to take measures of reprisal, as made known yesterday the German government rejects Great Britain's proposal for examination by a neutral board of the Baralong Incident and also of three cases in which, it is charged, Germany violated international law in submarine operations. The note was delivered to Great Britain through the American embassy.

The German government has made the following reply in the Baralong case:

"The British government answered the German memorandum in the Baralong case by expressing doubts, on the one hand, of the correctness of the facts communicated by the German government and by making an accusation; on the other hand, against German military and naval forces of having deliberately committed countless crimes against international law and humanity which had been unpunished and compared with which the alleged offense of the captain and crew of the Baralong fades into insignificance. The British government has contented itself with mentioning, without any evidence, three incidents in connection with naval warfare in which German officers are alleged to have committed atrocities in violation of international law."

"The British government proposes an investigation of these cases by a court composed of American naval officers and under this condition is ready to submit the Baralong case to the same court."

"The German government protests most sharply against the unprecedented and unprovoked accusations of the British government in regard to the German army and navy, and the implication that the German authorities have not dealt with any such crimes as have come to their attention. The German army and navy in this war observe the principles of international law and humanity and the higher authorities insist that in the event of offenses are committed they shall be investigated most closely and punished sternly."

"The three cases mentioned by the British government were investigated thoroughly at the time by competent German authorities."

"First in the case of the sinking of the Arabic by a German submarine, the investigation showed that the submarine commander was forced by circumstances to draw the conclusion that the steamer was attempting to ram his craft. He therefore believed himself to be acting in justifiable self-defense when he attacked the ship."

"The second case mentioned, the attack of a German destroyer upon a British submarine—occurred in this manner: A fight developed in those waters between two warships, in which the submarine defended itself by gunfire. The British government can have little ground for advancing the charge that Danish neutrality was violated by the German attack, in view of the fact that British naval forces in a series of cases attacked German ships in neutral waters."

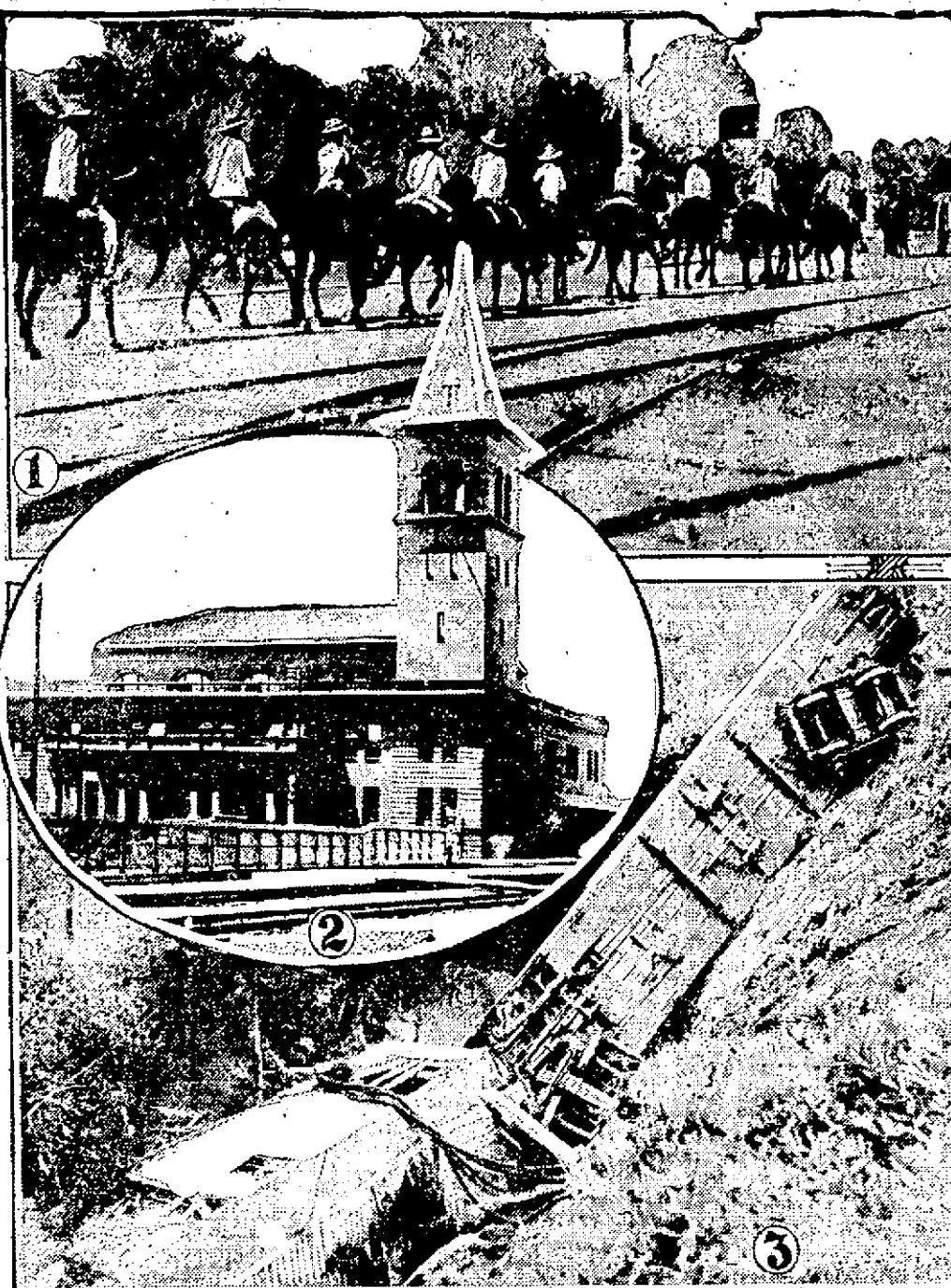
"Finally, in the case of the destruction of the British steamer Ibel, the German submarine merely applied measures of reprisal announced by Germany in February, 1915. These measures are in harmony with international law, because England is endeavoring by illegal means to tie up the legitimate maritime commerce between Germany and neutral countries to cut off Germany from all imports and thereby starve the German people. Appropriate reprisals are permissible against the measures in violation of international law."

"In all three cases the German naval forces intended only to destroy hostile ships, and in no way to slay helpless persons who were attempting to save their lives. The assertions to the contrary of the British government must be repudiated with all decisiveness as untrue."

"The German government is of the opinion that it must reject as inadequate the British proposal to submit these three cases, together with the Baralong case, to investigation by a court of American naval officers. It takes the standpoint that charges against members of the German forces must be investigated by its own competent authorities and that the persons accused be given every surely of an unprejudiced verdict, with just punishment where necessary. In the Baralong case, it has advanced to the British government no request other than this, not doubting for a moment that a court martial composed of British naval officers would inflict suitable punishment for the cowardly and perfidious murder. This request was the more justifiable because of the fact that the guilt of the commander and crew of the Baralong was established practically beyond doubt by affidavits made by Americans who are neutral witnesses and submitted to the British government."

"The manner in which the government has answered the German memorandum does not correspond in form

## MURDER OF AMERICANS MAKES EL PASO CENTER OF AGITATION AGAINST MEXICO



Nowhere in the United States have the murders of Americans in Mexico led to more indignation and agitation than in El Paso, Tex., the border city on the Rio Grande, in which many of the victims are known. El Paso, which is opposite the Mexican city of Juarez, has many Mexican inhabitants. Thomas D. Edwards, American consul at Juarez, was received with shouts of derision when he appeared in the lobby of an El Paso hotel filled with mining men. "You cannot intimidate me," he calmly told the miners, and, turning back, he strode from the lobby. "Go back to Juarez, where you belong," the mining men shouted as they surrounded him in a threatening manner. "You are a Villa consul. You are not an American. Go to Coahuila or wherever Villa is: We have eighteen American boys he murdered. You ought to be proud of your friend." Consul Edwards asserted that protection for the massacred Americans was promised by General Gavira, commandant at Juarez. Jan. 4. He was instructed to demand of Mexican authorities the immediate protection of property of mining companies in western Chihuahua. In the pictures No. 1 shows a squad of Mexican cavalrymen, similar to the soldiers sent to apprehend and punish the murderers of the Americans. No. 2 is the railroad station at El Paso. No. 3 is a train wrecked by Mexican bandits.

### SEVERAL BILLS FILED

Continued

to provide that the annual tour of ton Marginal Freight Railroad company of the volunteer militia shall

continue for fourteen days, instead of seven.

Lewis C. Hoill is a petitioner for the repeal of the minimum wage law, and Rep. Bagshaw of Fall River asks for legislation which will permit unvaccinated children to attend the public schools if their parents are opposed to vaccination.

Walter L. Adams of Milford and others ask for legislation which will permit street railway companies to collect admission charges from persons who go to their amusement parks other than by the cars operated by the company.

Rep. Arthur W. Colburn of Dracut has presented a bill to increase the license fee that may be charged for slaughter houses. At present the fee is limited to \$1, but Rep. Colburn's bill provides that it may be such sum, not exceeding \$100, as the mayor and aldermen or the selectmen may fix.

Bill Against Bay State Co.

Several bills of general importance were filed yesterday, one of the most interesting of these providing that any municipality in which a street railway company attempts to raise its fare above six cents, may revoke its franchise by right of eminent domain and operate the property thereafter as a municipal enterprise. The municipality is also authorized to lease the property to any other street railway company. This bill, of course, is aimed at the Bay State Street Railway company.

Auto Registration Bill

Two interesting bills came in on petition of the National Automobile Association. One of these reduces certain of the present fees charged for registration, establishing the following scale:—

For each motor cycle, including the right of owner to operate it, \$2.

For trucks of one ton or less, \$5, and \$3 for each additional ton capacity.

For pleasure cars of the following indicated horse power, under 25, \$5; 25-33 \$10; 33-43, \$15; 43-53, \$20; 53-65, \$25; and above 65, \$30.

For an original operator's or chauffeur's license, \$2; for renewals, 50¢.

The same petitioner asks for the appointment of a commissioner of vehicles, to take over all the powers and duties of the highway commission with respect to the regulation and operation of automobiles, and their operators.

W. H. Perry, superintendent of schools in Leominster, asks for the passage of a law which will permit the employment during the summer months of minors between the ages of 14 and 16 years who cannot pass the fourth grade. At present such minors may not legally be employed, because they are unable to procure an employment certificate.

Adjutant General Cole filed a petition, which also is signed by six members of the legislature, for legislation

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Rep. Arthur W. Colburn of Dracut has presented a bill to increase the license fee that may be charged for slaughter houses. At present the fee is limited to \$1, but Rep. Colburn's bill provides that it may be such sum, not exceeding \$100, as the mayor and aldermen or the selectmen may fix.

Bill Against Bay State Co.

Several bills of general importance were filed yesterday, one of the most interesting of these providing that any municipality in which a street railway company attempts to raise its fare above six cents, may revoke its franchise by right of eminent domain and operate the property thereafter as a municipal enterprise. The municipality is also authorized to lease the property to any other street railway company. This bill, of course, is aimed at the Bay State Street Railway company.

Auto Registration Bill

Two interesting bills came in on petition of the National Automobile Association. One of these reduces certain of the present fees charged for registration, establishing the following scale:—

For each motor cycle, including the right of owner to operate it, \$2.

For trucks of one ton or less, \$5, and \$3 for each additional ton capacity.

For pleasure cars of the following indicated horse power, under 25, \$5; 25-33 \$10; 33-43, \$15; 43-53, \$20; 53-65, \$25; and above 65, \$30.

For an original operator's or chauffeur's license, \$2; for renewals, 50¢.

The same petitioner asks for the appointment of a commissioner of vehicles, to take over all the powers and duties of the highway commission with respect to the regulation and operation of automobiles, and their operators.

W. H. Perry, superintendent of schools in Leominster, asks for the passage of a law which will permit the employment during the summer months of minors between the ages of 14 and 16 years who cannot pass the fourth grade. At present such minors may not legally be employed, because they are unable to procure an employment certificate.

Adjutant General Cole filed a petition, which also is signed